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An independent Arab political daily published by the Jordan Press Foundation جوردان تليمز يومية سياسية تعدر بالانجليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الاربنية والراي

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King meets ICAO chief, Lebanese minister

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein met at the Royal Court Saturday with Assad Quteit, head of the International Civil Aviation Organisation (ICAO) Council and reviewed with him Jordan's achievements in the field of civil aviation and its cooperation with the ICAO. The King praised Dr. Quteit's efforts and those of the ICAO in the course of helping to ensure the safety of air passengers and civilian aircraft. King Hussein met separately at the Royal Court Saturday with Lebanon's Labour Minister Abdullah Al Amin and reviewed labour issues in the Arab World. The King underlined the importance of pan-Arab meetings which he said, would promote the work of institutions concerned with

which he said, would promote the work of institutions concerned with

which he said, would promote the work of institutions concerned with collective Arab action. He stressed the importance of the Arab labour ministers conference which is due to open in Amman Monday. The Lebanese minister said his country highly valued King Hussein's continued support for Lebanon and his role in serving pan-Arab causes. Labour Minister Abdul Karim Al Kabariti was present at the meeting (see

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Kuwait corruption scandals grow

KUWAIT (AP) — A parliament deputy accused an unidentified Defence Ministry official Saturday of taking \$100 million in kickbacks, adding to the mounting corruption scandals that have rocked Kuwait since last year. In an interview with the independent Al Qabas daily, Mubarak Al Dwailah said the official had taken unlawful commissions on arms deals with foreign com-panies. He did not name the suspect or give any other details. "Kuwaitis are sick of this series (of scandals).... I'm sure the deence minister will be cooperative in following up on whoever thinks about embezzling public money.'
Mr. Dwailah told Al Qabas.

Hrawi seeks Saudi help

JEDDAH (AP) — Lebanese President Elias Hrawi arrived Saturday in Saudi Arabia, the second phase of a Gulf tour to drum up financial assistance for Lebanon's post-civil war reconstruction. The official Saudi Press Agency (SPA) said King Fahd was on hand to receive the Lebanese guest at Jeddah's King Abdul Aziz International Airport. It said the Saudi monarch later escorted Mr. Hrawi to the guest quarters, but did not say when their official talks would take place. Before departure from Beirut, a statement from the president's office said Defence Minister Mohsen Dalloul and Information Minsiter Michel Samaha were among a four-man delegation that accompanied Mr. Hrawi on his 24-hour visit. The Lebanese media said Mr. Hrawi planned to urge the monarch to reopen the Saudi embassy in Beirut, closed since it was ransacked and burned by zealots in August 1984.

Mahathir in Iran

NICOSIA (AP) — Malaysia's Prime Minister Mahathir Mohammad arrived in Tehran Saturday saying his trip was designed to upgrade economic and political ties, Tehran Radio reported. The broadcast said Mr. Mahathir and his ranking 180member delegation were welcomed at Mehrabad airport by Iranian Vice President Hassan Habibi. The visit is the first exchange at this level between the two countries since Iran's 1979 Islamic revolution.

Swedish minister appeals to iraq

STOCKHOLM, Sweden (AP) -Foreign Minister Margaretha Af Ugglas in a letter to her Iraqi counterpart has appealed to that three jailed Swedes be released, a foreign ministry spokesman said Saturday. "It is an appeal from the foreign minister to find a solution as soon as possible to have them released," Claes Jernaeus said. It was the first time the Swedish foreign minister has appealed directly to Baghdad on behalf of the jailed Swedes.

Ozal meets Talabani

ANKARA (R) — Iraqi Kurdish leader Jalal Talabani held talks Saturday with Turkish President Turgut Ozal on the Kurdish re-bellion in Turkey. "I am very satisfied with our talks with the president. We have exchanged views on Iraqi Kurdistan. The PKK (Kurdish Labour Party) was also included," he said after meeting Mr. Ozal. "Violence cannot solve any problem anywhere. There should be a peaceful solution," he told reporters in Ankara. Last month PKK leader Abdullah Ocalan declared a unitateral ceasefire from March 20 to April 15 which led to a decrease in violence in Turkey's southeast. The offer was relayed to Turkey by Mr. Talabani.

Fateh officer

SIDON (AP) - Assailants tossed a grenade on the commander of the Fatch guerrilla faction in the refugee camp in Mieh Mieh Saturday. Police said the commander, Fathi Zeidan, was critically wounded in the blast. Fateh's intelligence chief in the camp, Ali Farhoud, accused Abu Nidal's breakaway Fateh-Revolutionary Council faction of engineering the assassination attempt in an ongoing war between the two groups.



Israeli snipers posted on roofs overlooking the centre of Khan Younis in the occupied Gaza Strip

as part of a bacting up of Israeli forces in the occupied territories (AFP photo)

PLO: Israel responsible for escalating cycle of violence

Israeli policeman killed, soldiers wounded in 'mistaken' shootout at roadblock in West Bank

TUNIS (Agency) — The Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) said Saturday Israel was to blame for the recent violence in the Israeli-occupied territories and the impasse of the Middle East peace process.

A statement released after Palestinian leaders met in Tunis late Friday accused Israel's gov-ernment of "waging a global war against the Palestinian people under the pretext of imposing

security."

"The Israeli government is responsible for the escalation in violence and for putting the peace process at an impasse." said the statement published by the

Palestinian news agency WAFA. Middle East peace negotiations involving Israel, its Arab neighbours and Palestinians have stalled since December when Israel

Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin indefinitely barred the nearly two million Palestinians of the West Bank and Gaza-Strip from Israel this week in response to violence that has killed 76 Palestinians and 17 Israelis since he ordered the expulsions.

Soldiers enforcing the ban rounded up hundreds of Palestinian men and boys Friday in

house-to-house searches at Shati refugee camp in the Gaza Strip. The statement said the PLO disapproved of "foreign parties trying to cover the Israeli govern-ment's crimes against the whole Palestinian people."

Israeli policeman killed

A policeman was killed an two soldiers seriously wounded expelled 415 Palestinians to when their car sped past two army roadblocks in the occupied

West Bank and troops fired at the vehicle, the army and radio reports said Saturday.

The incident Friday night

underscores the tension in the occupied territories following a month of violence.

The checkpoint was one of dozens set up by troops to en-force a closure of the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip im-posed by Mr. Rabin earlier this

The army said Eitan Masika of the Israeli police was driving in the West Bank about 10:30 p.m. Friday with three Israeli soldiers

Israel Radio said the three soldiers, two men and a woman, had left their base without permission and were hitchhiking near the Jewish settlement of Maale

(Continued on page 5)

Soldiers work in farms, page 2



Christine Nielsen vacuums a totem pole at a museum in Vancouver, a site U.S. President Bill

tour during their Saturday-Sunday summit (AFP

Clinton vows help for Russia; Yeltsin pledges to pursue reform

VANCOUVER, British Columbia (AP) — President Bill Clinton, arriving Saturday for his first summit with Russian President Boris Yeltsin, vowed to "mobilise the world" to support Russian reform. Mr. Yeltsin said Western aid would help him bring the reform process to compietion.

Mr. Clinton arrived after Mr. Yeltsin. Two hours apart, they each stood at attention on the red-carpeted tarmac alone in the rain without umbrella as a military band played national

Each leader was greeted by Prime Minister Brian Mulroney and then held separate talks with their summit host.

Mr. Clinton and Mr. Yeltsin planned to meet for about seven hours over two days. Saturday's summit sessions were focusing on economics; Sunday's meeting was on security and foreign policy. Mr. Clinton said an international effort, like the one mounted to confront Iraq in the

Gulf war, is needed to help Rus-

"I want America to act but America cannot and should not act alone" Mr. Clinton said in his weekly radio address. The address was broadcast Saturday but taped Friday night in Port-land, Oregon, where Mr. Clinton attended a forest conference.

"Just as we mobilised the world on behalf of war in the Gulf, we must now mobilise the world on behalf of peace and reform in Russia," Clinton said.

He noted that 20,000 nuclear warheads remain in Russia. Mr. Clinton brought with him \$1 billion-plus aid package. Most of the money already has been appropriated by Congress. "The president wants a programme that is deliverable. He wants one that he can get into the hands of the Russians as soon as possible,' Secretary of State Warren Christ-

opher said on CNN. Mr. Yeltsin, who spoke by phone with Mr. Clinton Thursday night, signalled that he was satisfied with the president's offer." While too little aid will not

have the desired impact, "too much can be bad because it would be used by the communists to target us... the opposition will say we are going to be enshackled by the West," Mr. Yeltsin said He said the efforts by the West,

including a \$160 million aid package announced by Canada Thursday, were welcome.

We must understand that Russia is shedding one social order to assume another social order. That's why it is so difficult for us," he said. "The communists want to take revenge, to take us back to the past."

Meanwhile, "We," a newspaper that is a joint effort between Izvestia and Hearst, reported in Saturday's editions that U.N. Secretary General Boutros Ghali has offered to have the United Nations monitor Russia's April 25 referendum and any future national elections.

Mr. Ghali said in an interview with the newspaper that the U.N. would assume such a role "if Russia asks.'

Majority of voters says House did well but deputies did not

Survey finds 50% prefer not to change Election

Law, identifies priorities of voters

By P.V. Vivekanand Iordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — More than two thirds of the Jordanian electorate are satisfied with the course of the democratisation process and believe that the 11th Parliament of the Kingdom did a satisfactory job, but such satisfaction does not extend to the deputies' in their respective constituencies, according to an opinion poll, whose full content have just been re-

leased.

The poll, conducted by the Centre for Strategic Studies of the University of Jordan in January this year, also found that 50.6 per cent of Jorda-nians are in favour of retaining the present electoral system, while some would like to have a strict one-man-onevote system and a revamped constituency distribution.

The study, which covered 1,197 voters — 602 males and 595 females — also found that 50.1. per cent think lawmakers have to do more to upgrade the level of legislation and 47.3 per cent believe it is the duty of the government rather than deputies to adopt such measures and do more for democracy.

The findings, said to have an error margin of five per cent, come at a time when politicians and observers are looking for trends in the

electorate for definite signals ahead of the next elections. Parliament members, officials and analysts contacted by the Jordan Times said they preferred not to comment until after they see the full survey and its findings.

One deputy-cum-minister said, however, that he was familiar with the poll, and that "it seems that it is perhaps the most reliable sur-vey of its kind ever conducted in Jordan.

'Scientific approaches were adopted in the administering of the survey and it is also clear that the target audience was clearly representative of the electorate," added the parliamentarian, who preferred anonymity.

"I think the results speak for themselves," said Dr. Fawzi Gharaybeh, president of the University of Jordan. "We have not tampered with the findings, and have pre-sented them as they are, leaving to the concerned people to draw the conclusions."

He emphasised, however, that "the various conclusions that could be derived from the study need not necessarily be the same, because politics are involved."

On the study itself, Dr. Gharaybeh said: "Scientifically speaking, there is no doubt that it is highly representative of the Jordanian The poll found that only 19 per cent of the respondents (i.e. seven per cent of the target audience since only 76 per cent said they would vote in the next elections) who consider reelecting some or all of their present deputies will vote for Islamist activists; 27 per cent (10 per cent of the total audience) said they would vote for candidates from any shade of the politic-al spectrum regardless of their affiliation with the Islamist bloc, and 54 per cent (20 per cent of the total audi-

Islamist bloc. According to the poll. those more inclined towards the Islamist bloc are in the age group of 19-24 years, unmarried, with post-highschool education and employed/self-employed.

ence) would vote for deputies

who are not members of the

The survey, which covered almost every part of Jordan and described by its organisers as the most scientific poll ever conducted in the Kingdom, also came up with a list of 20 serving deputies found most popular and as such favoured for reelection in their present constituencies.

These included: Amman: Ali Faqir (Independent Islamist), Abdul Muneem Abu Zant (Muslim Brotherhood), Taher Al

(Continued on page 5)



Udwan replaces **Fheid**

AMMAN (J.T.) — His Majesty ting Hussein Saturday appointed Major-General Abdul Rahman Udwan as director-general of the Public Security Department (PSD) and promoted outgoing PSD Director-General Fadel Ali

(Continued on page 5)



DOHA (R) — Members of the visiting Qatar to seek political and financial aid for their struggle. against Israel in the occupied

territories. The visit is the first by Hamas to the oil-rich Arab Gulf region which was a main financial backer of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) before they fell out in 1991 over the PLO's support for Iraq in the Gulf crisis. A delegation led by the head of

the group's political department. Musa Abu Marzouk, arrived in Doha Friday and expects to spend a few days there. "We want to present the need

to support the Palestinian question politically through the media, and financially," Mohammad Nizzal. Hamas's representative in Amman, told Reuters on

"We can say that this is the first official visit to a Gulf Arab state." he said.

When asked if Hamas would ask for direct financial aid from Oatar, he said: "It is presumed that these are the issues to be presented to our Qatari brothers."

The Hamas team was invited to Qatar by the Religious Affairs and Endowments Ministry, and Mr. Nizzal said it was not yet clear which officials they would be meeting in Doha.

The group, the PLO's main-rival in the Israeli-occupied territories, has claimed responsibility for most of the attacks on Israelis since Israel's expulsion of 415 Palestinians to Lebanon in De-Israel accused the Palestinians

of links to Hamas and other Islamic groups. Most of the exiles are Hamas supporters. Mr. Nizzal said the expulsion of the Palestinians has helped boost the role of Hamas in the Middle East. "The deportees issue trans-

formed Hamas from a Palestinian

circle to the Arab and international arenas," he said. He rejected any compromise deals with Israel to resolve the issue of the exiles and reiterated the group's strong objection to the revival of the Middle East

Mr. Nizzal said violence in the Israeli-occupied territories would escalate further if the Palestinians team returned to the negotiating

peace process.

"The situation in the occupied territories will become very dangerous... all options will be open," he said, but did not elaborate.

Hamas team Palestinians: Christopher comments visits Qatar do not hode well for neace talks do not bode well for peace talks

AMMAN — Two Palestinian leaders Saturday warned that recent statements by U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher in support of Israel's stand and the Jewish state's repressive measures in the occupied territories did not bode well for the resumption of the Middle East peace

talks. The head of the Palestine Liberation Organisation's (PLO) Political Department, Farouk Kaddoumi, said that Mr. Christopher's statement before a congressional committee in Washington revealed continued American support for Israel and would also adversely affect the peace pro-

The comments that Mr. Kaddoumi said were made by Mr. Christopher appeared to be those the secretary made at a congres-

sional hearing.
"The president intends to ask for the same level fo funding this year for Israel as last year," Mr.

Palestinian group Hamas are By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter Christopher said. "There seems sponsibly so as to win the confito me, based upon my trip there, there's very strong need for continued funding for refugee programmes. Israel has taken a great burden of refugees from the Soviet Union and elsewhere, so I think there's every likelihood that we'll continue that very positive programme because it's so important to the strength of the demo-

cracy in Israel which we have

such a large stake in," he said.

He also said Saudi Arabia and

Kuwait ought to be asked to at least eliminate the secondary and tertiary effect of the Arab boycott against Israel so that it does not result in discrimination against American firms. "I think the maintenance of the Arab boycott, especially against American firms through secondary and tertiary effects, is highly undesirable and not justified and I'll continue to press that point," he said.

"The statements will create new obstacles at a time when the Arabs want to see the sponsor of the talks acting fairly and re-

dence of the various parties," Mr. Kaddoumi told the Jordan News Agency, Petra.

Faisal Husseini, the overall head of the Palestinian delegation to the peace negotiations with Israel, warned that the continued deterioration of the situation in the occupied territories would cause more human losses. "The Palestinian response to

Israel's repressive measures can only be of the same nature - a normal reaction on the part of a people living under occupation,' Mr. Husseini said. They made the statements fol-

lowing a meeting with foreign minister Kamel Abu Jaber in the course of "a continued process of coordination and consultation between the Jordanian and Palestinian sides to the peace talks," Petra said. The two Palestinians briefed

Dr. Abu Jaber on the outcome of the Palestinian delegation's re-

(Continued on page 5)

Mubarak: Egypt will not become 'another Iran'

KUWAIT (Agencies) — Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak said in remarks published Saturday Muslim militant unrest was under control and Egypt would never become "another Iran." Mr. Mubarak said in an interview with Al Seyasseh and its sister newspaper Arab Times that Sheikh Omar Abdul Rahman. the blind fundamentalist cleric who preaches the overthrow of the Egyptian government, was a 'media-made leader."

'He cannot be another Khomeini nor can Egypt be another Iran," Mr. Mubarak said of the U.S.-based cleric, whose followers have conducted a wave of attacks on tourists in Egypt. About 116 people have been killed and 220 injured over the past year in a confrontation between Egyptian police and the militants. Some of Sheikh Abdul Rahman's U.S.-based followers been charged with the bombing

tre in February. "I can confidently declare that terrorism in Egypt is under control... you can say it is breathing its last," Mr. Mubarak said.

of New York's World Trade Cen-

"All terrorists are under the security microscope and I assure that we know them one by one we know their names," addresses

and motives." Mr. Mubarak said he would continue to act toughly against the militants.

"We have given instructions to all sides concerned to use their powers in a very tough way to put an end to this foul play and stop such shameless acts which are totally unacceptable to Islam. Those who kill innocent life are not Muslims.1

Mr. Mubarak denied that economic conditions had a role to play in the militancy, which he said did not belong to Egyptian

"They are an illegitimate child for illegitimate sides trying to win legitimacy through gunfire."

Mr. Mubarak did not identify the foreign entitles he was accusing, but in an interview published in the London-based Arabic newspaper Al Hayat Tuesday he said the militants had received

assistance from Iran and Sudan. More than 200 suspected Muslim extremists have been arrested around Egypt as a preacher claimed the crackdown and killing of militants is being undertaken at the orders of the United

"The regime is killing anyone who preaches or enters a mosque and their only crime is Islam."

Algerian bank drama ends in gunbattle

ALGIERS (R) — Algerian security forces killed five heavily armed suspected Muslim mili-tants and freed all 11 hostages in an overnight assault on a bank outside Algiers, the official news agency APS said Saturday. All the hostages were "safe and

after a shootout lasting nearly one hour, APS said, quoting a source close to the security ser-Officials use the term "terrorists" for Muslim fundamentalists

sound and the terrorists killed."

blamed for violence that has killed more than 600 people in the past year. They are also accused of staging several holdups, said to be for getting cash to buy weapons. Troops, paramilitary gen-

darmes and elite police units ringed the branch of the Banque Nationale d'Algerie in Al Affroun, 55 kilometres south of Algiers, after the alarm was given on Wednesday afternoon. Residents living near to the

bank, situated by a mosque and market, were evacuated, APS!

(Continued on page 5)

hurt in attack

e several such that the stiffs the editors of re still fools a suited to be a habits of the editors. We fell rote. We fell rections, so respectively and out rule and out rule and out rule and out rule rections.

Egyptian ambassador sees 'threshold of new Camp David'

ties to the Middle East peace process are "on the threshold of a new Camp David," Egypt's new ambassador to the United States, Maher Al Sayed, said March 29. And with the United States now as a full partner, he added, the parties "have reason to look to future talks with much more

Speaking to the Washington chapter of the American Jewish Committee, Mr. Sayed said the Middle East is ready for "a settlement that ensures the rights of all the parties, the security of all the parties, but that will go beyond that in establishing regional coop-eration between all the countries and the peoples of the area."

"Peace, to be durable, has to be fully accepted by both parties ...and all of the parties to the process now are determined to achieve agreement," he said.

The envoy, who has been the Egyptian ambassador to Belgium, Portugal, the USSR and Russia before coming to his Washington post, said parties to the peace talks "have come to recognise that peace is not a one-way street - is not something one party imposes on the other.'

"Peace is so important that it needs compromise on both sides." he stressed, pointing out that both Arabs and Israelis have

MOGADISHU (AP) — U.N.

officials said Friday they had told

rival militia leaders to stay out of

Kismayu to prevent another clash

like the one that killed 15 people

at the auxiliary police station this

The clash in the southern port

city occurred Wednesday be-

tween supporters of Colonel

Omar Jess, and Mohammad Said

Hirsi, known as General Morgan.

Robert B. Johnston, commander

of the U.S.-led coalition,

travelled to Kismayu Friday to

meet with the commander of the

Belgian military contingent con-

trolling the district, and the head

of the marine amphibious group

sent to the area a week ago for a

Gen. Johnston also carried let-

ters, signed by him and U.N.

special envoy Admiral Jonathan

Howe, to be given to Col. Jess

"The letters basically told them

not to come

city of Kismayu," said Marine

Col. Fred Peck, U.S. military

spokesman for the Operation

Restore Hope relief mission.

"Their presence has a tendency

Kismayu has been the site of

the worst recent unrest in a coun-

try where civil war and famine

to incite action there, and it's best

show of force.

and Gen. Morgan.

they stay away."

Marine Lieutenant-General

doned some of the demands they or that he agrees on everything made a few years ago.

Mr. Sayed said the U.S. role as

a full partner "is one that has been evolving since Madrid," and may now involve "friendly persuasion" but not coercion. "No party to the process should be required to sacrifice its own strategic interests," he told a

But he stressed, "It is important for the parties to examine carefully what their best interests are. Security is something that can be achieved without the acquisition of territory.

In his address, entitled Egypt's Role in the New World Order," Mr. Sayed said Egypt is accepted as an important player in the process because of its role in the Camp David accords, and President Hosni Mubarak and Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin have already established "a very good working relationship."

"The contacts have been continous. ... As soon as elections occurred in Israel, Hosni Muharak contacted Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin and arranged to meet with him," he said. "We have recognised that this is a very welcome change, and we have expressed our desire to cooperate with this new government in introducing a new era of peace.'

He added, however, that "this does not mean that we agree on everything that Mr. Rabin does,

killed an estimated 350,000 peo-

and Morgan supporters sparked

two days of riots in Mogadishu.

Another battle on March 16

threatened peace talks then

The talks yielded an agreement

signed last weekend by all 15

Somali factions. A ceasefire com-

mittee met for two days, this

week to determine how to penal-

Col. Peck said the committee was

due in Kismayu Saturday to talk

to elders and try to ease the

clear to them what the consequ-

ences of violations of the accords

are and hopefully lead toward a

political solution, to the prob-

Details of Wednesday's clash

remained sketchy. It appeared

that Jess supporters sought refuge

ters, the Red Cross compound

and the Medicins Sans Frontiers

hospital after a peaceful demon-

stration became a confrontation

Several grenades were thrown

into the Red Cross compound,

and all three sites were pelted

with rocks. Gunfire erupted at

the police compound. It was

lem." Col. Peck said.

with Morgan backers.

"The committee will make it

under way in Addis Ababa.

A Feb. 22 clash between Jess

ple last year.

Ethiopia.

ise violations.

we do. It does mean that we ...would like to do all we can to encourage Mr. Rabin to pursue the course that he has set."

Mr. Saved took exception to a reporter who characterised the peace between Israel and Egypt as a "cold peace." "The main thing is that peace

exists ...that there are contacts and cooperation," he responded. "I don't think that peace requires that you love the people you are at peace with."

Moreover, "people should be allowed some time" to adjust to the idea of peace and prospects for cooperation, he explained. noting that the relations between Israel and Egypt are increasing in many areas. In response to a question on

the Arab boycott, he pointed out that Egypt is not boycotting Israel and has not since the signing of the Camp David accords. "I think we will see that this

peace will become warmer and warmer. ... We are willing to go along (in) making this peace warhe added.

"What is happening in the occupied territories is something that we honestly feel very strongly about," he said. "Many Egyptians would not like to go to Israel until this problem is solved. We feel that it is a most unfortunate situation. We feel solidarity with

Warlords told to stay out of Kismayu unclear who was killed. About 1,000 Jess supporters were evacu-

ated from the city. Coalition forces fear that Col. Jess may be preparing an assault on Gen. Morgan's forces. Although such an assault has little chance of success, such a conflict would further pressure coalition forces, who deny accusations they tacitly support

Meanwhile, officials reported that four Canadian soldiers are under investigation for the death of a Somali man after his March 16 arrest in Belet Huen. The head of the Canadian army, Lt. Gen. Gordon Reay, said from Ottawa that it appears to be "a serious

homicide case ' The investigation apparently prompted a suicide attempt by Corporal Clayton Matchee, 29, who was taken into custody afterthe death was discovered.

Cpl. Matchee remains in a coma in Canada, where he was flown for treatment. Three other members of his unit - trooper Elvin Brown, 24, and Sergeant Mark Boland, 32, are under investigation.

Authorities have not given a cause of death for the unidentified Somali, who was found unconscious in his holding cell and died at Belet Huen hospital.



SILENT EMERGENCY: A group of children at 1.5 million Sudar a hospital in south Sudan. The U.N. says that about aid (AFP photo)

Hanan Rubin, spokesman for

the military government of the

occupied territories, told the

Associated Press the permits would be given on an individual

basis and mainly to women.

Israel's jobless rate is 11 per

cent, and the government em-

ployment office has set up booths

to recruit Israelis for farm work.

The labour ministry also has provided subsidies to help Jewish

settlement farms in the occupied

lands, and Russian and Ethiopian

immigrants are being recruited.

are not getting help when they

need it most because many

Israelis don't want to do hard

"I'm stuck with 50 dunams of

celery," said Pinchas Zamari,

from the southern collective farm

of Beit Hagaddi. "If it's not

picked within a few days it'll all

Yoav Kalimyan, the head of

the agriculture committee in the

region bordering the Gaza Strip, told Israel Radio he asked-the

employment office for 390 work-

ers to replace Palestinian labour-

'Only three showed up," he

settlement farms in Gaza has

angered Israeli peace activists

who say the public should not

have to rescue those who profit

tished on the basis of cheap

labour of totally twisted Zion-

ism," said Amiram Goldblum, an

"These settlements were estab-

ers confined to Gaza.

from the occupation.

physical labour.

But farmers still complain they

Palestinians gone, Israeli soldiers work in farms

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM ing this weekend. (AP) - Soldiers moved in Friday to help save Israeli crops, replacing Arab labourers at the height of a crucial harvest after the government sealed the occupied

It is a busy time for flower growers and exports to Europe for Easter, but the 1,500 soldiers sent to the fields also are helping harvest celery and tomatoes.

"Since this morning we're sort-ing flowers," Michal, a woman soldier, said on army radio. "It's a break from the daily routine." But Menachem Peled, a flower grower from the collective farm Hernt in central Israel, told the radio that though the soldiers' help was appreciated, some were doing more harm than good since they lacked training.
The flower growers' troubles illustrate Israel's dilemma in bar-

ring about 110,000 Palestinian labourers from entering Israel following a month of violence that has left 13 Israelis and 26 Palestinians dead.

The closure has helped calm Israeli nerves. But both farmers and Israeli contractors, who are heavily dependent on Palestinian workers, are finding it difficult to do without the low-paid labour. The indefinite closure of the

occupied territories began Monthe West Bank. It caught flower growers along-

Israel's coastal plain with 50 per cent of their Easter export crop opening and wilting. Israel's flower industry earns about \$200 million annually in exports. Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin

agreed to a request to let 1,000 Arab labourers pick flowers start- activist for Peace Now.

Iraq denies part in **New York** bombing

BAGHDAD (R) — A newspaper published by President Saddam Hussein's eldest son said Saturday allegations of possible Iraqi involvement in the New York World Trade Centre bombing were "lies and plots."

"(U.S.) circles are trying to fabricate lies and plots to hint that Iraq is involved in the sky-scraper operation," Babel newspaper, published by President Saddam's son Úday, said.

Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) sources said Wednesday an international search was under way for Iragi-born Ramzi Ahmad Yousef, 25. The sources said Mr.

Yousef, who previously lived in New Jersey, was believed to have left the United States four days after the bombing. "The said Iraqi has left the U.S....and the threads of

convicting him are flimsier than a spider's web," Babel Certain circles in the United States were trying to

concoct an accusation that went beyond Mr. Yousef as an individual and implicated Baghdad, it said. Those circles quite realise there are Iraqis who carry the

Iraqi nationality card but do not believe in (Baghdad's) revolutionary regime," Babel said. "It said: "Iraq differentiated between struggle and

terrorism" and was "very careful" not to get involved in such "irresponsible" op-"When confronting unfair

U.S. policy...Iraq does not rely on terrorism, but opts for the duel as a knight in the battlefield," Babel said.

The FBI sources said Mr. Yousef had been aroommate of Mohammad Salameh. a key suspect charged in connection with the blast which killed six people and injured more than 1,000. U.S. authorities have not

provided details of Mr. Youser's alleged role, but the New York Daily News said he arranged for \$2,400 to be wired from Germany to Mr. Salameh so that he could pay hospital bills resulting from an injury in a road accident.

UNRWA warns of cut in services if deficit persists

VIENNA (Agencies) — United the West Bank and Gaza San Mr. Türkmen said that cy (UNRWA) Commissioner-General Ilter Türkmen has urged donor governments to increase their 1993 contributions to UN-RWA. Speaking at a specially convened meeting in Vienna Friday, Mr. Türkmen said that UN-RWA would be "forced to begin reducing some services beginning on 1 July unless additional funds are forthcoming." The agency faces a \$28.5 million deficit in its regular and emergency program-

mes for 1993.
"UNRWA's emergency programmes are now more important than ever, both in the occupied territory and in Lebanon," Mr. Türkmen said. In the four month period between Dec. 1 1992 and March 1993, fifty-seven Palestinian fatalities were recorded in the Gaza Strip. Over 2,100 intifa-da-related injuries in Gaza were treated in UNRWA clinics or local hospitals and 414 children under 16 were injured by gunfire. Palestine refugees in Lebanon have no access to government services and some 30,000 are

homeless. The commissioner-general said that due to the closure of the Gaza Strip on March 28 and the West Bank on March 30 by the Israeli authorities, Palestinian labourers were now unable to earn an income by working in Israel. He pointed out that if the closure continued, the agency would have no alternative but to respond with emergency food assistance to Palestinians living in

ne West Bank and Gaza Sen Mr. Türkmen said that was rian, any cuts in agency service to Palestine refugees might political repercussions. Units additional funding is forthcom ing. UNRWA schools - whi average 50 pupils per class be forced to increase class single assistance to the most desting families will have to be frozen present levels and the quality medical care and the hospitalist tion programme will be severely

During the meeting, the Can dian government announced for UNRWA's emergency pros

The commissioner-general in ported that he had recently conpleted trips to Saudi Araba Qatar, the United Arab Emirated and Bahrain to seek addition funding from Gulf countries. The special meeting was convened by Mr. Marcel Trement

chairman of UNRWA's Advisor Commission and the permane representative of France to the United Nations in Vienna. "The urgent situation caused by UN RWA's financial deficit has prompted this initiative," said Mr. Tremeau. In his closing state;

ment, he asked governments to reexamine their commitments to UNRWA's budget. "Govern ments should recognise that in creased contributions would help both the agency and the Palestine refugees who rely on UNRWA's assistance," Mr. Tremeau said,

Era of refinement ends with sale of pasha's treasures

SAINT JEAN-CAP FERRAT. France (R) — Turkish-born aristocrat Ilhamy Hussein, the last of the pashas, spent years building a fabulous collection of antique gold and porcelain, tapestries and furniture at his French Riviera

The urbane collector died aged 95 last October and it took five days to sell the lot.

The auction, held earlier this month at Hussein's "Baia di fiore" villa in exclusive Cap Ferrat, marked the end of an era of refinement. "He was probably the last real

pasha. It's unlikely we'll see such a collection again for some time," said Paris auctioneer Jacques Taian, a friend of Hussein's.

Some 25.000 collectors, dealers and sightseers converged on this. haven of wealth to view the colwith sleek limousines.

Ancient chandeliers and wall candelabra lit rare tapestries lining the walls. Eighteenth-century cabinets gleamed with antique gold and silver tableware. The main sale, at nearby

Monte Carlo, attracted more than 1,200 people, many of whom wore evening dress in keeping with the pasha's lifestyle. They came from all over the

world and those who could not attend communicated bids by way of 140 specially installed tele-Mr. Tajan had hoped the sale

would fetch about 60 million French francs (\$11 million) for the 3,000-piece collection of 18th century French furniture, Chinese porcelain, ornaments and paintings.

It brought in 75 million francs (\$13 million). "I've never seen anything like

business," Mr. Tajan told Reuters. "People realised it was the end of an era."

Centrepiece of the sale was a pair of wooden chests by Charles Cressent, cabinet-maker to the

duke of Orleans, dated 1749, according to the catalogue. A Beigian collector bought them for 8.8 million francs (\$1.6 million) to furnish his French castle. Four Vermeil champagne

buckets, made by Paul Storr of London in 1807 and engraved with the British royal coat of arms, went for more than 1.4 million francs (\$250,000).

"I've sold pieces at higher prices, but this collection embodies a lifestyle of total refinement," Mr. Tajan explained.

Born in Istanbul in 1897, Hus-

sein married a descendant of Mehemet Ali, viceroy of Egypt, and went to live in Cairo. His financial skills earned him the esteem of King Farouk, who hon-oured him with the title of pasha.

Hussein sought refuge in Monte Carlo when his property lection before the auction, block- was seized after King Farouk's

He rubbed shoulders with the personalities of the day, such as British Prime Minister Winston Churchill, Greek millionaire Ar-. istotle Onassis and German-born actress Marlene Dietrich.

Widowed, he married American heiress Myrtle Harkness and. moved to Cap Ferrat. The newlymarried Prince Rainier and Princess Grace of Monaco, as well as the duke and duchess of Windsor, were among those who attended their lavish parties.

The pasha rebuilt his collection, turning his vast Italian henaissance-style villa into an Alatidin's cave.

Towards the end of his life, again widowed. Hussein gave up the night-life and elegant galas of Monte Carlo, becoming almost a. recluse.

He had no children and left most of his fortune to nephewsand nieces in Turkey. French it in the 30 years I've been in the authorities will collect 55 per cent of the sale proceeds in death.

duties. The villa is on the market for 150 million to 200 million French francs (\$27 million to \$36 mil-

Jordan Times Tel: 667171

Arab-American leaders pleased by meeting with Christopher

WASHINGTON (USIA) -Secretary of State Warren Christopher has briefed 35 members of the executive committee of the Council of Presidents of National Arab-American Organisations on his recent trip to the Middle East.

"The meeting itself was what was important," James Zogby, president of the Arab American Institute, told USIA following the 45-minute meeting in the Old Executive Office Building. This is a moment for Arab

leaders to realise how far we have come: This is the first time that Arab Americans have met as a group with a secretary of state or a high-level administration official — and it's the entires we have ever met with a largat-level administration official," Mr. Zogby explained. "That's why we, are so excited about it."

Mr. Zogby said the 35 Arab American leaders included

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mayors, Democratic Party leaders at state and national levels.

While "no new ground was broken, and the content of the meeting was a briefing on U.S. administration policy, what was significant was the early recognition by the secretary of state of parity" between Arab American and Jewish American communi-

"The administration has signaled its recognition of parity between the groups and demonstrated a real openness in working with us." Mr. Zogby said.

Mr. Zogby said the meeting had been called at Mr. Christopher's request, and was held in the same room in which he met with members of the American Jewish community a few days earlier.

Former congresswoman Mary Rose Oakar (Democrat-Ohio)

"very good, very direct, very matter of fact." She said "the and religious leaders. bottom line was that the administration is trying very, very hard for peace in the Middle East."

Ms. Oakar said that in addition to the Middle East peace process, the subject of Bosnia was raised by Muslim members of the de-legation. "Christopher said while some initially made fun of the food drops, they have come now to see that it is helping feed people. He really is very sensitised to all the people in that region, and I think that was a very important assurance," Ms. Oakar

Ms. Oakar said Mr. Christopher also indicated that "when he went to the Middle East, all of the countries that he visited said that they would go to the peace negotia-

She added, however, that Mr.

characterised the exchange as Christopher acknowledged that very good, very direct, very one of the stumbling blocks were the refugees in southern Lebanon. "While there were no new ele-

ments" in Christopher's remarks. tit was a business like serious exchange of information, and we appreciate the fact that he took time to brief us," said Khalil E. Jahshan, executive director of the National Association of Arab Атегісаль. Mr. Jahshan said Mr. Christ-

opher "talked about his trip to the region, his achievements on that trip, and the attempts of the administration to get the peace process back on track." He said the administration has

defined the U.S. role as a full partner in the peace process, "as a pro-active role, and a fair arbiter trying to bring the parties together more effectively.

U.S. position "is the willingness of this administration, if or whenever it becomes necessary, to introduce its own ideas, its own proposals on the table." Hala Maksoud, president of

the Arab American University

Graduates Association, also char-

acterised the meeting as "very positive — very productive."

She said Mr. Christopher, in the exchange not only signalled "a willingness to listen, but the willingness in the future to hear "The willingness to listen was

there ...is significant ...and it represents a change," she said. In their discussion of the expel-lees, Mr. Maksoud said, Mr. Christopher assured the group that the agreement the U.S. struck with Israel to return 100 Palestinians "was in no way a wavering" to the U.S. commit-He said a new element in the ment on human rights.

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

Tel: 773111-19 PROGRAMME TWO Reves d'enfants Les Clés de Fort Boyard ... News in French ournal de L'histoire

JORDAN TELEVISION

Who's the Boss **PRAYER TUMES**

CHURCHES St. Mary of Nazareth Church Sweifich, Tel. 810740 ablies of God Church, Tel. St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590.

Church Tel. 630851, Tel. Armenian Catholic Church Tel. 771331. Armenian Orthodox Church Tcl. St. Ephraim Church Tel. 771751.

Amman International Church Tel. 652526. The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints Tcl. 823824, 654932 Church of Nazarene Tcl.675691. WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of Another rise in temperatures will take place and winds will be easterly moderate. In Aqaba, winds will be

Min/Max. temp

Amman 13 per cent. Aqaba 51 per **USEFUL TELEPHONE** NUMBERS **NIGHT DUTY**

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ZARQA:

EMERGENCIES Food Control Centre 637111

Civil Defence Department Civil Defence Immediate 630341 775121 Highway Police Traffic Police 896390 661176 Water and Sewerage 897467 Amman Municipality
Complaints..... Telephone information Central Amman Telephone Repairs Abdali Telephone Repairs 774111 Electric Power

Queen Alia Intl. Airport..... 08-53200 HOSPITALS

AMMAN: Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn... 64281/6 Akilch Maternity, J. Amn.... 642441/2 Jabal Amman Maternity...... 642362 . 642362 . 636140 664171/4 669131 Al-Mussicr Hospital
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Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafieh 667227/9 . 891611/15 ZAROA: (09)900560 (09)986732 ... (09) 990990

Princest Basma Hospital Greek Catholic Hospital Ibn Al Nafoes Hospital.... (02)275555 AQABA: Princess Haya Hospital (03)314111 FOR THE TRAVELLER

QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL **AIRPORT**

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, where it should always be verified.

ARRIVALS Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1) Acaba (RJ)
Jeddah (RJ)
Laranca (RJ)
Dubai, Abu Dhabi (RJ) 10:10 10:45 11:60 11:15 17:10 Madrid (R) 12:30 New York, Ams

Other Flights (Terminal 2) Bahrain (GF)

DEPARTURES Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1)

12:39 13:05 21:30 . Jeddah (R 21;45 22:15 22:15 Damascus (RI)
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New Delhi (RI)
Abu Dhabi, Dubai (RI)

Beirat, Rome (AZ)
Cairo (MS) 11:25 19:15 Larrasca (CY) MARKET PRICES rer price in fils per kg. 620 / 620

Other Flights (Terminal 2)

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De la Salle Church Tel. 661757 Terrasanta Church Tel: 622366

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 20, Aqaba 22, Humidity readings:

Prime Minister Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker and Minister of Labour Abdul Karim Al Kabariti Saturday Abdullah Al Amin (Petra photo)

Upon his arrival in Amman the

Lebanese minister expressed

hope that the coming labour

ministers conference would re-

establish solidarity among Arab.

tackle questions related to a pan-

Arab employment strategy, the role of Arab women in develop-

ment, the environment and occu-

pational safety, among other im-

Addressing a press conference

here Saturday in advance of the meeting, Arab Labour Organisa-

tion (ALO) Director General

Baker Mohammad Rasoul said

the Monday meeting will direct

its attention to the affairs and

conditions of Palestinian labour-

ers and labour unions under

ALO has been a staunch suppor-

Since its establishment, the

Israeli rule.

The conference is expected to

Sharif Zeid receives visiting

Lebanese labour minister

AMMAN (Petra) — Prime Minister Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker

received in his office Saturday

Lebanese Minister of Labour

Abdullah Al Amin who is cur-

rently on a visit to the Kingdom

to participate in the pan-Arab labour ministers conference due

During the meeting, attended by Labour Minister Abdul Karim

Al Kabariti, the two sides re-

viewed Lebanese-Jordanian

.cooperation in labour-related

Mr. Amin earlier Saturday met

Speaker of the Lower House of

Parliament Abdul Latif Arabiyat

-and delivered a verbal mes-

sage from Nabih Barri, the speak-

The message concerned prom-

Minister of Communications Jamai Al Saraireh

(second from right) Saturday meets with the visiting

head of the International Civil Aviation Organisa

-VAMMAN (J.T.) — Minister of -Communications Jamal Al

Saraireh Saturday said Jordan is

always ready to cooperate with

the International Civil Aviation

Organisation (ICAO) in all its

operations, especially in ensuring

civil aviation security and prom-

The minister was speaking at a

meeting with Assad Buteit, head of the Montreal-based ICAO

Council, who is currently on a

visit to Jordan to discuss coopera-

cluded a review of the ICAO's

tion in civil aviation affairs. Discussions at the meeting in-

oting air transport activities.

oting Lebanese-Jordanian par-

'er of Lebanon's parliament.

liamentary cooperation.

affairs and economic fields.

to open here Monday.



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or fortune to at Con Lucker P. to proceed #2 . . . Net millen f: million to B

ne duldren ge will collect size it is in the male

gin, according to AAMA Chairman and Convention President Yousif Hamati. Dr. Hamati told the Jordan Times that the participants, who will gather here on June 20, for the five-day meeting will also tour archaeological and tourist attractions in the Kingdom including Petra and the Dead Sea.

More than 150 working papers will be submitted by the visiting Arab-American doctors and their counterparts from Jordan and other Arab states, Dr. Hamati

American physicians of Arab ori-

discussion sessions on topics ranging from plastic surgery to the treatment of kidney diseases,

During a recent visit to Amman, convention preparatory committee members met with His Majesty King Hussein and Prime Minister Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker to discuss the meeting's agenda,

"By holding this convention in Amman we aim at further bolstering medical cooperation between the United States and Jordan and creating opportunities for Jordanian doctors to acquire higher training in the U.S.," Dr.

He said the AAMA was founded in 1974 as a national nonprofit, non-political, educational and charitable organisation; its 1,500 members are medical professionals of Arab descent.

Dr. Hamati said the AAMA provides financial support for several university-affiliated medical institutions and also sponsors educational programmes for physicians and medical technicians from the Arab coun-

Crown Prince urges Christians, Muslims to reinvigorate human rights discourse

AMMAN (J.T.) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan Friday firmly criticised the "contention that the Islamic world is the new monolith threatening world security."

Adding that "at a time when 80% of the world's refugees are Muslim,... such claims are misguided at best," the Crown Prince, in a message to the International Christian-Islamic Conference in Vienna drew attention, to the "human tragedy" in Bosnia joining that of Palestine.

Prince Hassan said the "new world order pays but scant attention" to this tragedy, and it has been historically proven that 'appeasement pays the aggressor a handsome dividend."

In this context, the Crown Prince stressed to the participants of the 4-day meeting that "humanitarian aid should not become a substitute for human rights." He said that the right to the security of life was the point at which Christian and Muslim beliefs con-

verge, above all others. Following is the complete text of Prince Hassan's message entitled "Peace for Mankind: Principles, Problems and Perspectives for the

ter of the rights of Palestinian

workers, providing them with material assistance, Mr. Rasoul

Stressing that the ALO was

also continuously concerned with the conditions of Arab labourers in other parts of the world, Mr.

Rasoul added that some of these

workers have been subjected to

persecution in several countries.

contact with countries that em-

ploy Arab workers, especially in

Europe, in order to settle out-

standing problems involving

Mr. Rasoul told the press that

Monday's meeting should help

remove negative elements that

still obstruct solidarity among

Arab states and encourage Arab

countries to take collective action

to deal with their common chal-

tion Council, Assad Buteit (third from right) and

aviation and air transport.

The ICAO was founded in

1947 to develop techniques of

international air navigation and

to help in the planning and im-provement of international air

transport. ICAO works to ensure

the safe and orderly growth of

civil aviation, encourage skills in

aircraft design and operation, im-

prove airports and air navigation,

prevent waste of resources, safe-

guard the rights of each contract-ing party to operate international

air transport and prevent discri-

minatory practices.

other civil aviation officials.

The ALO, he said, has been in

It is a matter of deep regret that I am unable to be with you at the start of this International Christian-Islamic Conference. Your meeting here in Vienna is an auspicious occasion, which I welcome and fully support.

Over a decade ago, through the Royal Academy for the Study of Islamic Civilisation, the Al al-Bait Foundation, and the Arab Thought Forum in Amman, we embarked on the uncharted waters of inter-faith dialogue. It is a source of satisfaction and hope that the dialogue has become an integral and familiar part of the international discourse among adherents of these faiths. However, the heightened tension and the increasing polarisation affecting all religious communities of the world remain alarming, and in the next few minutes, I would like to present some perspectives on these issues from the Muslim

Ladies and Gentlemen: The radical, dogmatic, and divisive conduct associated with religious extremism is becoming in-

creasingly evident, increasingly intense. This phenomenon is visi-

ble around the globe: it is not, contrary to media assertions, peculiar to Islam. The contention that the Islamic world is the new monolith threatening world security is patently bogus, for at a time when 80% of the world's refugees — the innocent victims of conflict - are Muslim, such

this conference - world peace, scant attention. It has been dehuman rights, political pluralism monstrated, time and again, that are of direct relevance to appeasement pays the aggressor a

claims are misguided at best.

contemporary followers of the Abrahamic faiths. After the collapse of the Soviet Empire and the Communist regimes, repressed ethnic and religious minorities have asserted their primordial national identities in an attempt to reclaim their lost future. The dire consequences ethnic cleansing, political polarisation and communal entrenchment - are the unacceptable face of the new world order.

In Europe, where more than six million Muslims live today, Muslim communities are becoming alienated and embattled. Reports of unprecedented atrocities have inflamed public opinion throughout the Islamic world, while adherents of other faiths have not been immune to the violence of religious and cultural intolerance. This must not be allowed to continue, for the deadly results of prejudice and alienation are all too familiar.

For Muslims everywhere, the conflict in Bosnia has joined that of Palestine: a human tragedy, to be sure, but a tragedy to which The topics under discussion at the new world order pays but

handsome dividend. While Israeli violations of international law threaten the Middle East peace process, the spectre of further Serbian encroachment in Bosnia raises the possibility of a full-scale Balkan war, drawing in other powers and undermining stability and security across the European continent. It is imperative that humanitarian aid should not become a substitute for human rights, especially the most fundamentals of them all: the right to the security of life. And on this point above all others, our religious beliefs converge.

This Conference can emphasise the common moral, spiritual and ethical fundamentals of our faiths, highlighting areas of mutual con-cern and understanding. The Abrahamic tradition still represents the spiritual under-pinning of the human rights discourse. The insights of our tradition can help to reinvigorate that discourse at a time when its very foundations are under threat. My, hope and prayer is that international morality shall not fail humanity once again; and in this, your efforts may play a vital part. wish your endeavours every

PSD to close bridges to West Bank Tuesday

Saturday announced in a statement that on Monday April 5 only 400 travellers will be allowed to cross the King Hussein Bridge to the Israeli occupied West

On Tuesday April 6 the King Hussein Bridge as well as the Prince Mohammad Bridge (used for trucks and commercial traffic) will be closed, the statement said, but gave no explanation for the temporary measures.

It said normal traffic across the bridges will resume on Wednesday April 7.
The PSD cautioned all

travellers not to carry any non-

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Public Security Department (PSD)

Jordanian Arab currencies on their visit to the occupied territor-

It said the Israeli authorities do not permit travellers to bring Arab currency into the occupied territories, except for Jordanian An Arab visitor is normally

allowed to carry up to JD 2,000 or up to \$5,000 when crossing into the occupied lands. Ghazi Saadi, an expert on Israeli affairs, told the Jordan

Times that Israel will Tuesday celebrate the feast of Pesah. He said probably that was the reason for the temporary change in the travel rules across the

HOME NEWS IN BRIEF

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and agricultural development,

Jordan calls for pan-Arab rational land use strategy maintaining and improving pas-

AMMAN (Petra) - Jordan Saturday called on Arab countries to adopt "an integrated pan-Arab strategy encompassing a multi-faceted system for the rational utilisation of soil."

The call was made by Minister of Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment Dr. Abdul Razzaq Tubeishat in an address to the opening session of a four-day pan-Arab conference on maintenance and development of pasture lands in the Arab

The question of desertification, which has been plaguing Jordan and the other Arab countries, was negatively affecting the food and social security of the Arab World and obstructing the implementation of its economic, social

Fighting off desertification and

ture lands can only be successful through joint Arab action, Dr.

Greening Arab lands and stemming the encroachment of the desert over arable areas has become a major concern of various nations, their decision-makers and planners in the environment fields, continued Dr. Tubeishat.

The Arab World suffers from the problem of desertification more than other countries since it lies within the semi-desert zones on the globe; therefore, there is need for the Arab countries to cooperate with the International Centre for Agricultural Research in the Dry Areas (ICARDA), as well as other regional and international organisations, to deal with this issue, the minister

A'pan-Arab strategy to tackle

desertification, he added, can cater to the needs of Arab states in their efforts to attain social and economic progress, Dr.

Tubeishat added. Arab League representative Ibrahim Ben Barakeh said that the Arab ministers attending the meeting will direct their attention towards combating desertifica-

Six working papers will be re-viewed by the ministers or their deputies; and apart from the desertification, they will address development of pasture land in Asia and Africa, as well as countries in the Horn of Africa and those of the Gulf Cooperation Council.

The four-day conference has been organised in cooperation with the Arab League, the Economic and Social Commission for Western Asia (ESCWA) as well

WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly * Art exhibition entitled "The Legend of Petra II" bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the

EXHIBITIONS

★ Exhibition of pottery and ceramics by Sa'eda Al Bitar Ghanem at Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation Gallery, 1st Circle, opposite the Iraci Embassy.

Exhibition of paintings entitled "Meditating Land and Man" by plastic artist Hussein Da'sa at Baladna Art Gallery.

Exhibition of paintings by artist Mohammad Nasrallah at Al Balqa Gallery, Fuheis City. Art exhibition by Nawwaf Al Bukhari at the by artist Snha Shoman at the National Gallery for Fine Arts.

LECTURE

☆ Lecture entitled "Environmental Law after United Nations Conference on Environment and Development" by Dr. Lothar Gundling of the International Union for the Conservation of Nature, at the Jordanian Society for the Control of Environmental Pollution at 5:30 p.m.

Marilyn Monroe's 1957 film "The Prince and the Showgirl" at the American Centre at 5 p.m. (117 min.)

ing with regional and internationnew plans for civil aviation com-Arab-American medics to hold convention in Amman in June The convention will include 14 By a Jordan Times

International civil aviation official

commends Jordanian commitment

The ICAO's general assembly

had earlier approved the new

project; and according to the

Jordanian Civil Aviation Author-

ity (JCAA) here, the ICAO is

currently removing legal obsta-

cles to the implementation of the

dan's active participation in

ICAO activities and its adoption

of advanced training for its civil

aviation and airport services staff.

as one of the first Arab countries

to be totally committed to work-

Yordan, he added, is regarded

Dr. Suteit commended Jor-

Staff Reporter AMMAN - The Arab-American Medicals Association (AAMA) hold its 11th Interna-Dr. Hamati added. tional Medical Convention in Amman in June this year with an expected attendance of about 300

he said.

Hamati said.

The Michigan-based AAMA has 22 chapters in U.S. states, he added.

According to Dr. Hamati, the AAMA aims to encompass a wide range of professional, charitable. educational and cultural activi-

He said it enhances the medical knowledge of its members by supporting continuing medical education programmes and is committed to developing prog-rammes that enrich the lives of Arab medical professionals and their families in North America and in the Arab World.

visit to Jordan gave it the chance to be familiarised with pioneering educational projects in Jordan.

Minister receives visiting Tunisian teachers

AMMAN (Petra) — Deputy Prime Minister and Education

members of the teaching staff of the Arab School in Tunisia, which teaches the Jordanian school curricula. Mr. Hindawi

stressed at the meeting that the Jordanian educational system

adheres to the principles of the Arab Nation, affirming that it is

far away from racism and factionalism. Mr. Hindawi voiced

Jordan's pride in the comprehensive educational system which is

open to modernism, international experiences and expertise. The

Deputy Premier said the curricula taught at the Arab School in

Tunisia is developed, and he stressed the ministry's support for

the school in all educational fields. The school principal, Hamed

Al Hurabi, who is heading the delegation, commended the care

the school receives from the ministry. He said the delegation's

Amman stadium to get new lawn AMMAN (Petra) — Minister of Youth Saleh Irsheidat Saturday signed a contract with a local firm to plant grass at Amman International Stadium. The JD 160,000 contract provides for removing the artificial lawn covering the stadium's soccer field, placing a water drainage layer, a soil layer and laying a water pipe

Kuwaiti labour official arrives to attend meeting

AMMAN (Petra) - Kuwaiti Ministry of Labour Under Secretary Mohammad Al Thamer arrived in Amman Saturday leading a Kuwaiti delegation that will participate in the Arab Labour Ministers Conference due to begin Monday. In an arrival statement Mr. Thamer said that he and the accompanying delegation came carrying the greeting of Islam from the country of peace to attend this important conference with open hearts and minds, hoping that "we will be successful in bolstering the joint

Germany donates books to university

AMMAN (J.T.) — Matthias Meyer, charge d'affaires of the German embassy in Jordan, Saturday delivered a book donation worth DM 10,500 to Ali Mahafza, president of Yarmouk University in Irbid. The historical and archaeological publications are a donation to the Institute of Archaeology and Anthropology of Yarmouk University and a sign of the excellent cultural relations between Jordan and the Federal Republic of Germany,

Visiting British university team visits Karak area

KARAK (Petra) — A delegation representing Reading University in the United Kingdom Saturday visited Al Rabba Centre for the Transfer of Science and Technology and was familiarised with studies conducted by the centre on cereals and fodder. The delegation, which includes 20 students specialised in agricultural guidance and rural development at the university's Faculty of Higher Studies, also visited the Princess Basma Social Services Centre in the Karak governorate, the sheep fattening project in Al Musheirfeh area and a bee-keeping project in Muab area.

Income tax filing deadline is April 30

AMMAN (Petra) - The Income Tax Department said in a statement that April 30 will be the last day for taxpayers to submit income statements for 1992. The department said taxpayers will be subject to fines ranging from two to 24 per cent on the total value of the estimated tax due.

Medical school admissions seminar opens

IRBID (Petra) - A seminar on admission to the medical schools at Arab universities opened at the Jordan University of Science and Technology (JUST) Saturday. The two-day seminar is attended by deans and teachers of medical faculties of universities in Jordan, Iraq, Bahrain, Lebanon, Syria and Egypt, in addition to representatives of the World Health Organisation (WHO).



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MOHAMMAD AMAD

Editor-in-Chief: GEORGE S. HAWATMEH

Editorial and advertising offices:

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Listen to what the voters say

AS MEMBERS of the Lower House of Parliament return to their constituencies to launch their fresh election campaigns, they need to take notice of the findings of the first opinion poll of its kind in the country: Jordanians are looking for representatives who can address their real, every day problems and not ideologists, theoreticians and politicians who ponder the abstract and preach the notions.

The poll, conducted by the Centre for Strategic Studies of the University of Jordan, showed that politics figure low on the majority of Jordanians' list of priorities, that extremism is almost non-existent and that ideological beliefs are hardly a factor in their

What Jordanians want more, shows the poll, is better living standards and schools and hospitals and other services that many lack and urgently need.

Only 28 per cent of the electoral were satisfied with their deputies' performance on the district level. That says that people believe members of the Lower House did little to address the pressing issues to which they attach the greatest importance. It says that lengthy speeches and fiery rhetoric are tunes to which Jordanians listen no more, that four years of parliamentary life, and increased economic hardships have altered

The poll also showed general voter apathy and an astonishing dearth of knowledge of what the Lower House has achieved. But regardless of the factors to which these social ills are attributed, relief is found in the responses that the trend is changing.

According to the poll, twice the voter turnout of 1989 is expected to be registered in the next parliamentary elections this summer.

And as deputies rejoice in the fact that 71 per cent of the 1,197 people polled find the performance of the House in general satisfactory, they should remember what these voters want when they start bidding for

That parliamentary life has been institutionalised is a fact that the poll strongly established. That deputies need to change to accommodate this new reality is essential for its success and continuation.

The Parliament elected in 1989 had its achievements as well as shortcomings. For its achievements we give it credit and for its failure we voice our criticism. But we still believe that the most important factor is that the parliamentary life has developed strong roots in

The task of nurturing these roots will soon become the duty of the next elected deputies. And the duty of each Jordanian is to make sure that those who sit under the domed roof of the House are best suited for the difficult job of dealing with the country's economic, social and political ills.

The findings of the poll are indeed telling. Deputies, future candidates and voters should carefully listen.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

WE HAD believed that the United States will place the role of a full partner in the peace making process as U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher had declared during his recent tour to the region, said Al Dustour daily Saturday. We had thought that Washington would transform its policies with a view to helping the Middle East live in peace and security because the U.S. is the sole superpower which bears responsibility for world peace, the paper added. But it said that Mr. Christopher's statement before the American Congress on Thursday dashed all hopes because it showed beyond doubt that the U.S. administration plans to play the role of full partner on the side of Israel. In his statement, Mr. Christopher voiced President Bill Clinton'a administration total defiance of the Arabs and expressed Washington's continued enmity to justice and right, thus opening the door for direct confrontation with the Arab and Islamic worlds, the paper continued. The U.S. state secretary has openly unveiled the Clinton administration's support for Israel by announcing plans to continue providing the Jewish state with \$34 billion in financial aid on an annual basis, and endeavours to finance the settlement of new Jewish immigrants in the occupied Arab lands, said the paper. Furthermore, the paper said, the U.S. administration is not concealing its plans to force the oil rich Arab states to provide help to Russia to support its shaky economy as a price for America's support for Kuwait and the Gulf states in the Gulf war

A columnist in Al Dustour criticised the 14 political parties which are now legalised in Jordan, saying that they have to-date failed to interact with the public. Taher Al Udwan said that none of the political parties licensed in Jordan has conducted any campaign or organised a rally in support of the 1.5 million Palestinians under siege in the occupied lands, nor has any party expressed opposition to the government's decision to increase by 25 per cent the customs duty on imported paper although newsprint is a vital material for the parties' publications, said Mr. Udwan. The writer said none of the licensed parties has yet interacted with the public and reflected its concern; and it seems that the parties are spending a long holiday away from issues of concern to the Jordanian people. The writer said that, for instance, the parties should have followed up the the question of the creation of a teachers' union, and should have taken up other important questions of concern to the public to prove their interaction with the political life and to enhance the country's democracy. The writer said the political parties ought to show full integration with the p. itical, cultural and social life in Jordan and to make themselves felt by all sectors.

Sunday's Economic Pulse

By Dr. Fahed Al Fanek

Sales tax: Social considerations

SALES TAX caused an outcry based on the wrong impression that it will hurt consumers and domestic industry and increase the

In fact, the proposed sales tax law is a reform of a present tax, namely consumption tax. It is only more just than the old tax that it will replace. Sales tax will be applicable to all commodities that are currently subject to consumption tax, and with almost the same rates and sometimes lower rates. But the number of commodities will be increased in order to expand the tax base, and to distribute the tax burden more fairly on more commodities and services.

The authorities confirmed repeatedly that the proceeds of the new sales tax will not be substantially more than the proceeds of the present consumption tax, which are running now at 25 per cent higher than in the same months of last year, without any change in the rates, the reason being higher volume of production

and domestic consumption. Sales tax will reach new groups of tax payers which consumption tax did not reach before, such as lawyers, auditors, architects and professionals in general. There is no reason to discriminated against goods in favour of services, especially when our planners complain that the service sector in Jordan is inflated, and that the production of commodities should be favoured, or at least not

Sales tax will definitely have its economic and social impact. It is one of the effective tools to redistribute national income by charging importers, industrialists, professionals and consequently the big consumers in the cities to finance the state's free services such as education and health. It takes from those who can afford to pay to give to those who need the government's hand, especially the needy and the villagers.

Industrial sector as a whole will not be hurt by sales tax. On the contrary, it will benefit at the expense of imports, which will be required to pay the same rate, but calculated on the full cost of imports including custom duty, which was previously exchanged under consumption tax. The final result is an improved protection to local production which will consequently be able to generate

Importers, and not industrial producers, are justified to make a noise and complain. They are better off with the current consumption tax, which favours imports over domestic products. But they should admit that it is the right economic policy to encourage domestic production and reduce imports for the sake

The average citizen will not be hurt by the sales tax because the overall burden will not increase and thus the cost of living will not be affected. If the prices of certain commodites rise, the prices of others may decline.

It is in the best interest of the majority of citizens to have a sound taxation system and a more balanced budget. That is the only way to enable the state to provide the badly needed services to the poor and less privileged, who depend heavily on the state's schools, clinics and hospitals, and depend for their income on salaries and wages earned by teachers, soldiers, policemen and others who work for the government. If tax proceeds drop, government services will follow and the main losers will be the poor and less privileged groups in the countryside and the badia, who are required to pay very little sales tax but will enjoy more services provided by the government.

Sales tax is not a blind tax; it can take the social considerations into account. No wonder that luxuries will pay more than the general rate, while basic food, medicine and the supplies of babies and students will be zero rated.

The rich raise objections against the sales tax based on selfish calculations, the poor raise objections against the sales tax based on misinformation and lack of calculations.



Bosnia's dream of peace

By David Crary The Associated Press

SARAJEVO — Before their nightmare began, most of Sarajevo's people cared little for politics or soldiering. Now, those peaceful days seem like dreams from another world..

A year ago, Adnan Dizdar was a successful surgeon with a stock portfolio and talents that could have taken him anywhere. Now, his home is rubble and he drinks before bed to help forget the long hours, month after month, of death and amputations.

A year ago, Amela Muratovic and her husband believed life was hard because money problems threatened plans for a seaside vacation. Now, the war has taken their possessions and pride. They depend on the charity of neighbours and wear borrowed ciothes.

"When I look back, I see we had a super life," she said.

A year ago, Goran Mirkov was a camera salesman, a happy hus-band and father. He was a Serb who married a Muslim, who chose to stay in Sarajevo to help defend the multiethnic city against fellow Serbs. Now, his widow tells Mirkov's son he died

"fighting for his town."
It is hard to find a Sarajevan without such tales after a year of horrors, dashed hopes and medieval indignities imposed on a cosmopolitan people who thought they were part of the modern world.

Almost everyone has lost a family member or friend in shellpeace rally in Sarajevo. Thus began a war that has killed more than 100,000 people, created at least 1 million refugees and added the chilling term "ethnic cleansing" to the language of inhumanity.

ing, sniper fire or battlefront me.' combat. The necessities of a modern city — running water, electricity, telephone and links to the outside — are rarities or gone

Dr. Dizdar, the 44-year-old surgeon, is among the lucky, as the lucky are defined in Sarajevo. His wife and child are unscathed. Although his house was smashed and burned by artillery fire in early March, he saved a few precious mementos and photo-

But this member of the elite, once captain of Yugoslavia's Olympic handball team, must trudge to and from a distant communal spigot each day, like his neighbours, to haul water home on a wooden sled so his family can cook, bathe and flush the toilet of their borrowed apart-

He still takes pride in his work, which has become an endless parade of wounded soldiers and maimed civilians. On some days. he has worked 12 or 14 hours without rest. "I'm used to the soldiers," he

said, "But when I see a wounded child or old woman, it really hurts

Before the war, Amela and Edin Muratovic thought of themselves as a struggling young couple. Edin's earnings as a newspaper technician were barely

enough to afford a car or out-of-

town holidays. He is a front-line soldier now. Amela and their two sons live in an apartment vacated by a fleeing Serb family. Serb artillery destroyed their own home May 13, killing Edin's father. Everything they owned was burned.

The worst thing for us was to have to use someone else's furniture and clothes, and see photographs of them around the house," Amela said. "We don't have one picture of us, of our childhood. They were all destroyed."

Amela was pregnant when they moved. The baby, Eldin, was born in October.

"We've never had electricity or water since he was born," Amela said. She makes diapers from plastic bags.
Food provided by relief agen-

cies is enough to sustain life, but is tedious: rice, pasta. They have no seasonings and cannot afford it away."

Arman, almost 2, is bored with the food and must do without milk. His mother and grandmother shed tears of shame as they told how a 19-year-old neighbour had helped them survive the winter by bringing occasional gifts of food.

What does the young mother miss most?

"Freedom. Freedom to take a walk with my children. When I decided to have children, I imagined taking walks with them. Now, it's too dangerous to go past the front of the building. This is Arman's small world."

Goran Mirkov, 29, was killed in February while fighting with a front-line police unit.

His widow, Ada, and Dan, their 6-year-old son, flipped through a photo album: Goran at his 28th birthday party, grinning; a picture of him at the seaside, clutching his teddy bear, when he

Ada married Goran in 1985 despite bitter objections from her Muslim parents, whom she rarely

Many of Sarajevo's Serbs fled when the war began and joined Serb nationalist forces besieging the city. But Goran and his brother, Bojan, volunteered for a police unit on combat duty. With Goran, the first thing

you think of is his smile, his jokes," Bojan said. "He used to say he was a good Serb fighter, but on the wrong side."

Important dates in Sarajevo siege

The Associated Press

April 6, 1992 - The European Community recognises Bosnia-Herzegovina.

Serb nationalists block Vrbanja bridge in central Sarajevo and Serb snipers fire on peace demonstrators in central Sarajevo, killing five and wounding 30. Bosnian government declares state of emergency and curfew in

April 7 — United States recognises Bosnia. First shelling of Sarajevo's old city by Serbs in surrounding hills. May 1-2 - Shelling intensi-

fies: post office, tram system, brewery wrecked. May 3 — Bosnia's Muslim President Alija Izetbegovic taken hostage by Yugoslav troops on returning from peace

talks in Lisbon.

May 4 — Mr. Izetbegovic freed. Muslims ambush Yugoslav army convoy in central Sarajevo, at least four soldiers

May 5 - Yugoslav army relinquishes command of its estimated 100,000 troops in Bosnia, effectively creating a Bosnian Serb army.

May 12 — European Community evacuates peace monitors to Split, Croatia, after fighting intensifies. May 13 — United Nations

follows suit, withdrawing most of its Sarajevo staff. May 22 — Yugoslav army agrees to withdraw from

Sarajevo barracks. May 27 — A mortar sheli strikes line of Sarajevans waiting for bread, killing 16. More

May 30 — United Nations imposes sanctions on a new, smaller Yugoslavia made up of Serbia and Montenegro, for fomenting Bosnian warfare.

June 6 - Last Yugoslav troops leave downtown Sarajevo barracks, regroup at Lukavica barracks on southern outskirts.

June 29 — Peacekeepers hoist U.N. flag at Sarajevo Airport after Serbs leave. Humanitari n airlift begins. July 2 - First large contingent of U.N. peacekeepers -Canadians — arrives in

Aug. 2. - Two children die in bus as children's Embassy

Charity tries to evacuate — Children's funeral Aug. 4

Aug. 26 — Yugoslav peace conference opens in London. Sept. 3 — Airlift suspended after Italian relief plane shot down on approach to Sarajevo.

Four crew members killed.
Oct. 3 — Airlift resumes. Dec. 31 - Sarajevans, jeer U.N. Secretary-General Bout-ros Ghali on visit to Sarajevo. Jan. 8, 1993 — Deputy Prime Minister Hakija Turajlic

killed by Serb soldier while travelling in U.N. armoured vehicle from Sarajevo Airport. March 12 - Two Bosnian Serb soldiers go on trial in first

war crimes prosecution of the March 21 — Serb gunners inflict their heaviest bombardment of the year on Sarajevo. U.N. observers say many of the estimated 2,400 rounds hit

residential areas.

Losing the initiative

Opponents of peace talks gaining upper hand over Rabin

By Jack Redden Reuter

TEL AVIV — Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin has fallen hostage to the worst cycle of violence since the Palestinian up-

rising began five years ago. The initiative is now in the hands of militant Palestinians attacking Israelis and Israelis who are demanding retribution.

The Rabin government and Palestinians under the leadership of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) are committed to seeking a negotiated peace to the Arab-Israeli conflict.

But both must now act to appease hardline elements which never wanted the U.S.-brokered peace talks in the first place.

Mr. Rabin ordered two million

Arabs confined indefinitely inside the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip after two Israeli policemen were killed Tuesday. The decision, made at an emergency cabinet meeting, reflects growing public alarm over Arab attacks.

The policemen's deaths brought to 13 the number of Israelis killed this month and while Arabs have suffered thousands of casualties in recent years — at least 76 dead since December alone — Israelis are not used to a daily television diet of dead and wounded Jews.

Sealing off the occupied land might provide a lull in attacks inside Israel. But most assaults on Israelis are inside the occupied territories and even Mr. Rabin concedes closure orders increase the Palestinian poverty that fuels the unrest.

The surge in violence was sparked by Mr. Rabin's decision to expel 415 alleged Palestinian militants to Lebanon on December 17 in reprisal for the killing of an Israeli soldier. Middle East peace talks were

agenda ever since.
Palestinian negotiators and Arab governments have still not decided whether to attend the next round planned for Washing-

ton on April 20. The Palestinians fear they will lose credibility if they go back to the talks while fellow Palestinians remain who exile in Lebanon, even

last week as head of the opposition Likud party with a pledge to bring down the government long

the shock of the Likud governnightly demonstrations against.

"Its attitude to (violence) ...the

compromising attitude and the attempt to tell the public in Israel that if we made political concessions this will bring us quiet and Mr. Rabin's options to regain

To guarantee more peace talks

stopped in their tracks and the

issue has dominated the political

Though they reject their militant Mr. Rabin faces a growing political challenge from the right. Binyamin Netanyahu took over

before its term ends in 1996. Activists from among the 100,000 Jewish settlers living on Arab land have recovered from ment's defeat last June and stage

They hope to stop peace talks; by underming his coalition.
"The main problem is the government's policy," said former police minister Ronni, Milo of

the initiative are limited.

he will have to make a gesture which will save face for the Palestinians. That would draw attacks from Israeli rightists who already accuse him of endangering public safety, a charge reinforced this week by gory media pictures of an Israeli with a knife sticking in

his back. He could try to crush Palestinian resistance but his efforts to do so at the start of the intifada, when he was defence minister. failed and drew international condemnation.

Impatient youth

Young Egyptians yearn for change as instability plagues their country

By Neil MacFarquhar

ASSIUT — Until he began attending Al Rahma Mosque about a year ago, medical student Mohammad Abdullah spent most of his free time studying anatomy or playing pickup games of

Now he gets up before dawn each day to attend prayers at the mosque controlled by the radical Al Gamaa Al Islamiya, or the Islamic Group.

"At the government mosques they tell you that Egypt is rich, successful, there are no problems," said Mr. Abdullah, 22. "You feel here that they talk more about the problems of the people — no jobs, rising prices, corruption."

This blunt appraisal of grinding poverty has convinced thousands of Egyptian youths to follow the call by fundamentalist Sheikh Omar Abdul Rahman to try to overthrow President Hosni Mubarak's secular government.

The blind Abdul Rahman, the Islamic group's spiritual leader, is suspected in Egypt of backing terrorism and is fighting extradi-tion from the United States, where he has been living in selfexile since 1990.

Four of the five suspects de-tained so far in the Feb. 26 bombing of New York's World Trade Centre, which killed six and injured over 1,000, prayed at the preacher's storefront mosque in Jersey City, N.J.
In Egypt, the sheikh's follow-

srooms bursting with pupils using outdated textbooks, or from fetid alleys in crammed villages where most people don't have jobs.

The Islamic group offers cheap medical care and food to the poor, but welfare is not its main

ers see no hope in their clas-

Followers in this southern town — a stronghold of militant fundamentalism — and nearby vil-lages say joining the group allows them to dream of a better future, and that violence appears the fastest way to achieve it.

The militants want to implement Islamic laws which they think will yield a more equitable distribution of wealth and greater respect for religion. They say the lack of real opposition parties makes violence their only option.

They want to pull Egypt out of what they see as a client relationship with the United States, which provides more than \$2 billion annually in military aid to its most important Arab ally. They opposed Egypt's participation in the anti-Iraq coalition during the 1991 Guif war.

Militant-sponsored violence has already killed 54 people this year, including a police officer in 12 a Cairo bombing. They are also taking aim at the vital tourism industry, which earned \$3 billion

annually and attracted some 3 million people each year. Three tourists have died in militant attacks since October, and the number of visitors is believed to have fallen by at least 50 per cent since then. Tourism revenues are believed to be down

by \$1 billion. 'The loud voice and the enthusiasm is attractive to some youth because they think their aims will because they think their aims will be reached quickly," said Mohammad Habib, a geology professor at Assiut University and a leader of the long-established Muslim Brotherhood.

Estimates of the number of Islamic Group followers range up to 200,000, a fraction of Egypt's 58 million people. Both leaders

58 million people. Both leaders and followers are usually in their Many Egyptians say foreigners

are taking the group much too seriously. Just as Assiut University used to be a centre for leftists, they say Islam is the latest fad.
"It is not a mafia spreading into
everything. Taken against the whole population, you can barely count them as one finger on your hand," said Dr. Sami Issa, a

pharmacy owner. But the government isn't tak-ing them lightly. Many Al Gamaa. followers are underground due to a 15-month crackdown on Islams extremists that has left 153 people

Al Gamaa adherents claim the country's economic problems would be solved if the rich were forced to pay an Islamic tax each year that could be distributed to the poor. In a country where wealth and contacts are in the hands of a tiny elite, they despite the connections that are needed

to get jobs.
One of their heroes is Omar Ibn Al Khattab, the second caliph, or ruler of the Islamic faith, after the death of Prophet Mohammad. Islamic history has it that he lived in a hovel and during a drought

ate only oil. "We are not asking Mubanak" to live in a hovel, or eat only but let the people eat ... they save the best food for the tourists before the Egyptian people. This is wrong," said Ahmad Ali, 29, an engineering student.

The militants want tourists to respect Islamic dress codes, and feel the loss in tourism revenue will only lighten the pockets of the elite. However, about 1 million Egyptians live directly off the tourism industry.



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Masri (Independent, National Bloc), Leith Shbeilat (Independent Islamist), Fakhri Kawar (Leftist, Christian), Anwar Al Hadid (Independent), Ahmad Al Abbadi (Independent), Mohammad Azaideh (Muslim Brotherhood) and Abdul Hafeez Alawi (Muslim Brotherhood).

(Continued from page 1)

Irbid: Ahmad Kofahi (Muslim Brotherhood). Abdul Raouf Rawabdeh (Independent), Mohammad Alawneh (Independent Islamist), Thongan Hindawi (Independent Constitutional Bloc) and Husni Shiyab (Leftist).

Jerash: Hussein Mjalli (Pan-Arab Nationalist). Ailoun: Ahmad Ánnab

(Independent). Ramtha and Beni Kenanah: Salim Zoubi (Pan-Arab Nationalist), and Mohammad Dardour (Independent).

Balga: Abdul Latif Arabiyat (Speaker of the Lower House (Brotherhood), Abdullah Ensour (Independent, National Bloc), Ibrahim Kreisat (Brotherhood), and Samir Kawar (Independent, Christian).

Karak: Ahmad Kafawin (Brotherhood), Jamal Saraireh (Independent Islamist) and Mohammad Hweimel (Independent Islamist). Ma'an: Abdul Karim

Kabariti (Independent National Bloc). Zarqa: Deeb Anis

(Brotherhood), Salameh Al Ghweiri (Independent, National Bloc), Abdul Baqi Jammo (Independent, Islamist) and Bassam Haddadin (Lefist, Christian).

Mafraq: Abdul Karim Dughmi (Leftist, Democratic Bloc). Tafileh: Abdullah Akayleh

(Brotherhood). Bedouin of the north: Sa'ad Hayel Srour (Independent, National Bloc).

Bedovin of the south: Jamal Kreisha (Independent).

(A footnote accompanying these findings warns: These results should be handled carefully since the sample for this survey was selected according to the gov--emorates' distribution and not according to parliamentary constituencies. At the same time, the number of respondents in certain. constituencies was relatively small and respondents established their indeements with regards to the current deputies and in total isolation of any new for the 1993 elections).

On the whole, 72.8 per cent of the respondents said they were satisfied with the performance of the House in general, 20.8 per cent said they were dissatisfied, and 6.3 per cent said they did not

have any opinion.

But the voters' satisfaction with the House did not extend to their respective deputies. Only 28.7 per cent of the audience said they were happy with the representa-tives of their constituencies in the

House. It indicated that a majority of the voters appreciated the parhamentary record of deputies, but not necessarily from their respective constituencies, and gave a thumbs-down to some of their own.

In Amman Governorate, 73 per cent of the respondents said they were satisfied with the performance of the House, but only 26.2 per cent were satisfied with their respective deputies' performances; 20.9 per cent said they were dissatisfied and the rest

had no opinion. Similarity, 70.7 per cent of Zarqa respondents gave an overall approval of the House performance (21.5 per cent said they were dissatisfied and 7.7 per cent had no opinion), while only 22.7 per cent said they were satisfied with their respective deputies.

In Irbid, it was 71.2 per cent satisfied with the House, 21.8 per cent dissatisfied and 7 per cent had no opinion; only 31.3 per cent said they approved of their deputies' performance.

Deputies from Mafraq and in the south appeared to be the most popular among their constitutents. Those surveyed in Mafraq gave a 45 per cent approval for their deputies (83.3 per cent of the House), followed by 42.6 per cent in Karak (80.3 per cent for the House), 39.7 per cent in Maan (79.3 per cent for the House) and 35.7 per cent in Tafileh (92.9 per cent for the

House). Balqa deputies got good rating from only 27.3 per cent, while the overall approval of the House performance in the governorate

was 62.4 per cent. Overall, 73.5 per cent of the males and 72.2 per cent of the females interviewed approved the performance of the House; 21.7 per cent of the males and 19.9 per cent of the females were not

In the 19-24 age group, 72.6 per cent gave good marks to the House; it was 74.8 per cent in the 25-44 bracket, 74.6 per cent in the 35-44 bracket and 69.9 per

cent of those over 45. The poll found that 23.8 per cent of voters will give priority to social and other services that would be secured by candidates while voting in the next elections, followed by 18.5 per cent who favour deputies who express "courageous views," 4.8 per cent favour harmony in thinking and electoral programmes, and 3.5 per cent favour kinship (family and tribal affiliations.)

This particular finding sug-gested that there has been little change in the tradition of "patronage" with a direct positive effect on services in constituencies being the key element in voters' consideration.

Mustafa Hamarneh

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dents said that they will not re-

vote any of the current deputies

dents said that deputies failed to

accomplish their expected duties

in their districts. 2 2 4 4 - 70 per cent of the respon-

dents, who earlier filed demands,

said that deputies have dealt

negatively with their demands.

the present election arrange-

satisfaction with the present con-

stituency and seat numbers as

well as with the criteria of divi-

sion, provided that each voter

casts his or her vote for one

- 15.2 per cent of the respon-

-- 50.5 per cent are in favour of

26.3 per cent voiced their

- 60 per cent said that mein-

It also suggests that outspoken candidates seen as dedicated to improving the lot of their constituencies and having a record of honesty stand the best chance to enter Parliament. By extension, it also means that groups espousing political ideologies and religious principles as their platforms could be sidelined come election time.

The bulk of those interviewed was in Amman Governorate with 39.6 per cent, followed by Zarqa (15.1 per cent), Irbid (23.7 per cent), Mafraq (four per cent), Balqa 6.4 per cent, Karak-(5.1 per cent), Tafileh (1.2 per cent)

and Ma'an (4.8 per cent). The target audience was asked to answer a 68-point questionnaire which included characteristics of respondents - sex, age group, education and employment status - assessment of the performance of the Lower house elected in 1989, general evaluation of individual deputies, voting considerations, views on the present elections law and constituency structure, awareness of legislation, democratisation proce-

The survey found that 76 per cent of the respondents consider casting their votes in the next elections; 18 per cent said they would not vote and six per cent were undecided (less than 45 per cent of the eligible electorate went to the polls in the last elections, held in November

dures, and participation in active

political life.

in a general context, the poll found that the belief that the Jordan electorate is highly involved in politics is unfounded. Only 1.4 per cent of the respondents said they were affiliated to political parties and 6.5 per cent indicated they might join parties

in the future.--Over one-third — 36 per cent
— said they were willing to take nart in a demonstration or sit-in if and when necessary, with those in the governorates of Ma'an and ac well ac Amman re ing the highest interest in such

Although preliminary findings of the survey were processed immediately after the field study, the Centre for Strategic Studies held back the full details of the survey until after the 11th Parliament recessed. While no explanation was available on the delay, it was believed that the centre did not want to find itself caught in the centre-stage of a political debate triggered by the findings

of the poll.

Dr. Mustafa Hamarneh, the young energetic director of the centre, would only say that "we thought it would be more appropriate if the results were released after Parliament reces-

"The centre is a strictly nonpartisan, non-political academic institution and wanted to devote enough time for analysis," he said.

Dr. Hamarneh, professor of history who took over as director of the centre in April last year, said work got under way on the survey in June and the actual interviews were conducted during the third week of January by a team of university students supervised by faculty members.

Credible observers noted that it was the first time that the centre had undertaken a project of this magnitude and say that a new vision rooted in modernity and change is guiding its work.

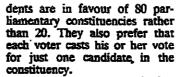
Of the target audience, 23.5 per cent were in the 19-24 age range, 29.6 per cent between 25 and 35, 10.1 per cent between 35 and 44 and 25.8 per cent over 45 years. The rest did not indicate their age in the questionnaire.

Asked how "scientific" the poll

was, Dr. Hamarneh said: "The target audience and population sample was randomly selected and was derived from

Furhermore, he said, "Every respondent was asked clear questions with no ambiguity, and their answers were closely studied and analysed by experts in their

fields. sion of the study:



- 1.5 per cent suggested other methods.

- 6.4 per cent said that they did not know. - 48.2 per cent preferred a

higher voting age. - 40.6 per cent preferred a lower voting age.

- 51 per cent believe that the number of the present parliamentary constituencies is adequate. 57 per cent believe that the

number of the present parliamen-

tary seats is adequate. - 50 per cent believe that the present criteria for division of constituencies is adequate.

Among those who answered to the contrary, 82 per cent are in 62 per cent said that the favour of more parliamentary House had relatively discharged constituencies, while 67 per cent prefer an increase in parliamentary seats. - 44 per cent said that the

- 70 per cent said the current Lower House is, one way or another, representative to all social strata.

- 18.2 per cent said the House does not much represent all social strata. The reason behind this, they believe, is the elections law upon which the 1989 parliamentary elections were based.

(Continued from page 1). Enhraim in the West Bank's Jor-

ed up by Masika.

bers of the House have not undertaken sufficient role with regard to expediting amendments dents said that deputies have not undertaken positive activities as out slowing down.

far as their respective constituen-- 49 per cent of the respondents said that they will re-vote some or all of current deputies of their respective constituency in the upcoming parliamentary elec-

After Masika's car drove past

that amendments were introduced to some of the clauses of the Political Parties' Law, whereas 32.8 per cent were not, and 28.6 per cent did not know.

Between 13.4 and 24.2 per cent of the respondents said that they were aware of some specific changes that were introduced to the parties' law, of whom more than 70 per cent described these

 On martial law regulations, 62.7 per cent of the respondents were knowledgeable about the abolition of the regulations, of whom about 31.6 to 40.7 per cent were knowledgeable about the contents of the clauses that reject appeals to the military governor's orders and the right to arrest and detain any person.

some of its articles. as "fundamental."

PLO: Israel responsible for violence

dan Valley when they were pick-

It was not clear from the army

changes as "fundamental."

- As for the old Defence Law, 20 to 52 per cent of the respondents said that they were aware of

- 47.4 per cent were know ledgeable about the newlyintroduced Press and Publications Law, compared to 31.2 per cent who know nothing about it. In addition, between 14.5 and 35.8 per cent of the respondents said that they were aware of the amendments to the draft of this law, of whom more than 70 per cent described these amendments

Masika's car was headed towards central Israel when he reached an army roadblock on the outskirts of the West Bank town of Nablus and ignored light signals by soldiers to stop, the

Soldiers radioed a nearby patrol which set up a second makeshift checkpoint. Again soldiers gestured for Masika's car to stop but Masika sped past with-

statement whether the soldiers had erected obstacles in the road. The Israel Radio report indicated the checkpoints were at the side

the second checkpoint, soldiers fired in the air, then at the wheels of the car which came to a halt .about 200 metres from the troops, the radio said, quoting a senior army officer.

One of the hitchhikers got out of Masika's car and fired a shot, the radio said. He reportedly told police later the shot was meant as a signal for the patrol to stop shooting.

But the soldiers at the checkpoint believed they were dealing with an armed assailant and continued to fire, stopping only when they heard shouts in Hebrew, the radio said.

The shots killed Masika and seriously wounded the woman and another soldier. The third soldier was not injured. The radio said the trunk and rear door of Masika's car were riddled with

Announcement

JORDANIAN VIDEO TAPE CENTRE



will be closed today Sunday, April 4, 1993, due to the death of HALIM JIRYES FANOUS uncle of Michael, Nabil, Mazen and Imad Fanous.

— 38.6 per cent were aware Udwan replaces Fheid as PSD chief

(Continued from page 1)

Fheid to lieutenant-general. The Jordan News Agency, Petra, said a Royal Decree endorsed a Cabinet decision to accept Gen. Fheid's request to be relieved of his post and be retired, and another decree appointed Maj .-Gen. Udwan as the new PSD

The decisions take effect as of April 4, 1993.

Informed sources told the Jordan Times that Gen. Fheid will be posted abroad as ambassador. King Hussein Saturday sent a letter to Gen. Fheid commending his efforts in leading the PSD and his distinguished efforts while in

'When you were chosen to lead the PSD on Sept. 21, 1989, it was because of what we knew about you of high efficiency, distinguished military service, ability to organise and readiness to give... in addition to your courage and loyalty to your homeland since the time you had the honour of joining our courageous Armed Forces until today," the King said in his letter.

service.

"The bravery you showed in the eternal Karameh Battle, in which you were seriously injured. had the greatest influence on me and on all Jordanians," the King

"As we still remember these characteristics and stands, we also appreciate your incessant efforts in leading the PSD, in terms of training, developing and modernising, where you supplied it with all efficiencies of the youth of our country - who are able to carry out their sacred duty in protecting the homeland and its citizens and combatting crimes of all kinds and from all sources.

"Now that you have chosen to leave your post to have some rest, I am glad to express to you my thanks for your great role and for



Palestinians your distinguished dedication and devotion to your service, affirming for you that you will remain in

the lead of our loyal soldiers and

the target of our care, apprecia-

tion and confidence always, and

Gunbattle

(Continued from page 1)

Algiers radio said the gang.

"armed with automatic pistols shotguns and probably sub-

machineguns" initially refused

'any dialouge or compromise'

On Friday the gang, which

APS said had refused to accept

any food, freed two women hos-

tages. Saraa Ahmad Ba, 20, and her

colleague Fatiha Zerdani, 24

were the only women among 11

bank staff and two customers

being held hostage. One was freed "apparently unwell" and

with the security forces.

(Continued from page 1) cent talks with Mr. Christopher

and American administration officials in Washington, Petra In separate comments, Mr. Husseini said the Palestinian delegation wanted the United States

we implore God to grant you luck and take good care of you and to guarantee that Israel carries give you good health and happiout promises it offered to Palesti-"We are also glad to confer nians to revive Arab-Israeli talks. upon you the Jordanian Al Kaw-"We want to be sure that the U.S. will be there as a third party, kab Medal of the First Order." or a witness, to guarantee (imple-

mentation of) whatever Israel offers us." Mr. Husseini told Reuters in Amman. Israel and the United States are working to restart the talks, deadlocked since Israel expelled 415 Palestinians to South Lebanon on Dec. 17 for ties with hardline

groups blamed for attacks on Israeli soldiers. Palestinians, backed by their Arab partners, want to take back Palestinian expellees and pledge to halt expulsions and human rights abuses before the next

round of talks could resume on April 20. Mr. Husseini said Palestinians had not completed evaluating the "various offers" received from

the United States and Israel to

the other, released several hours restart the talks.

In Tunis, the PLO accused the United States Friday of not doing enough to nudge Israel towards later, was "in a feverish state." The bank siege at Al Affroun was Algeria's first mass hostagetaking since a state of emergency I resuming the stalled negotiations. was imposed on the country.



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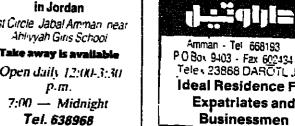
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details offered by the Department of Statistics. He noted that the number of surveyed was higher than those covered in any such previous poll and their geographical locations were widespread. "The questionnaire was prepared by specialists in sociology and political science, and statisticians, and the audience was selected at random," he said.

Following is a summarised ver-







TEL 819564





Barkley leads **Suns past Celtics**

BOSTON (R) — Charles Barkley scored 37 points and pulled down 11 rebounds as the Phoenix Suns held on to stop the streaking Boston Celtics, 118-114 on Fri-

day.
Kevin Johnson added 25 points, eight rebounds and dished out nine assists for the Suns, who halted Boston's winning streak at nine games.

The win was the sixth in a row

for the league-leading Suns and their club-record 24th road victory of the season.

Reggie Lewis had 32 points and Xavier McDaniel 25 for Boston. which lost for just the fourth time in 20 games.

In Miami, Patrick Ewing had 26 points and 22 rebounds to help the red-hot New York Knicks beat the Heat, 123-107 in a game marred by 10 technical fouls.

Doc Rivers, who recently returned to the Knicks' lineup after a two-game suspension for fighting, received two technical fouls and was ejected from the game.

In Chicago, the Bulls remained one game back of the Knicks for the top playoff spot in the east when Michael Jordan scored 40 points to lead the NBA champions to a 118-105 win over the

New Jersey Nets.

Derrick Coleman scored 30 points to pace the Nets, who remained one-half game behind Boston for the fourth playoff spot in the Eastern Conference.

The Nets were playing without injured starters Drazen Petrovic, Kenny Anderson and Chris Dud-

ley.
At San Antonio, David Robinson scored 39 points and had six blocked shots to lead the Spurs to a 108-101 victory over the Minnesota Timberwolves.

Sean Elliott scored 21 points and Daie Ellis added 18 for the ahead of Detroit by beating the



Celtics Xavier McDaniel makes room as his opponent falls backward:

In Los Angeles, Danny Man-ning scored 29 points and Mark Jackson added 20 points and 11 assists as the Clippers snapped Atlanta's six-game winning streak with a 111-99 win.

At Charlotte, Kendall Gill hit a layup with 12 seconds left and Alonzo Mourning blocked Ter-rell Brandon's shot with two seconds remaining as the Hornets edged the Cleveland Cavaliers,

At Detroit, Joe Dumars scored 35 points to lead the Pistons to a 109-100 victory over the Sacramento Kings and preserve their hope of clinching a playoff berth. Indiana stayed two games

Orlando Magic 118-102 for their

11th consecutive home win. Reggie Miller scored 17 of his 24 points in the decisive third quarter with three pointers, including one that capped a 13-1 spurt that put the Magic ahead to stay, 64-52.

Shaquille O'Neal returned to the Magic lineup after a onegame suspension and had 28 points and 19 rebounds. Nick Anderson scored a game-high 32 off the bench for Orlando.

Terry Porter and Clyde Drexler each sank two free throws in the final 20 seconds to give the visiting Portland Trail Blazers a 96-91 victory over the Philadelphia 76ers.

Milan has lost two games in the last four weeks, suddenly revive hopes of its pursuers, despite its comfortable eight-point lead over second-place Internazionale. Inter coach Osvaldo Bagnoli

said he doesn't expect to eliminate the gap but would like scare its crosstown rival. The two teams meet Saturday, April 10, the day before Easter when no league games are scheduled. Milan's record unbeaten streak

ended after 58 games, against Parma, two weeks ago. On Tues-day, Milan was eliminated by Roma in the Italian Cup semifinals.
"March is traditionally our dif-

Roma face

me because of cocaine, the

Italian League is bracing for

News reports are saying AS Roma forward and Maradona's

fellow Argentine national team striker Claudio Caniggia has like-

wise tested positive for cocaine in

a random drug test following a league match last month.

Maradona, who then played

for Napoli, was suspended from soccer for 15 months and earlier

this season returned with Sevilla

Italian soccer officials have

confirmed a Roma player tested positive but refused to identify

him pending a second test Mon-

But the news shook the league

and could be another serious

blow to Roma, already battling to

concentrate following the arrest of the team president in Italy's

wide-ranging corruption scandal.

weekend's games, the 26th round of the first-division campaign vir-

tually wrapped up for weeks by a suddenly vulnerable-looking AC

Napoli visits the "ailing" Milan powerhouse at San Siro stadium.

Milan. Parma and Juventus are

being allowed to play their league

games one day ahead of the regular schedule to give players

an extra day of rest prior to next

week's European Cup matches.

Parma is at Pescara and Juven-

tus plays Udinese on the road.

In other games Sunday, Inter

travels to Genoa to face Samp-

doria; Torino hosts Lazio; Ata-

lanta of Bergamo is at Foggia; Genoa is at Cagliari; Ancona is at Brescia; and Roma hosts Fioren-

The report over shadowed this

day on the split urine sample.

another

scandal

another drug scandal.

of Spain.

ficult month. But we'll prove the ready to resume a winning pace," said Milan captain and veteran sweeper Franco Baresi.

Milan is closing on its second consecutive league title and is in contention for its fifth champions cup crown this season.

Milan coach Fabio Capello confirmed for the Napoli match he will use the foreign trio of Ruud Gullit, Frank Rijkaard and Jean Pierre Papin, the same three who played Tuesday and failed to overcome a 2-0 first-leg deficit against Roma in the Italian Cup. Milan enters match with a 17-1

record - 9-3-1 home. Napoli, 11th in the 18-team standings, is 9-6-10, 2-4-7 on the road.

Basketball's 'jump shot' devised during sibling grudge match MILAN (AP) — Two years after Argentine superstar Diego Maradona was banned from the

LARAMIE, Wyoming (AP) — home in Hillsdale. Until then, the kenny Sailors was just trying to two handed set shot was the get a shot off against his older, norm. taller brother, when he violated a cardinal rule of basketball and allowed his feet to leave the ground when he tossed the ball toward the rim.

leave the floor: when you shot, you kept both feet flat on the floor. That was the rule," said Sailors, who led Wyoming to the 1943 U.S. College Basketball—"He'd stuff it down my throat.

for several years. Sailors, 71, is recognised by basketball historians as the man who moved the game into the modern era by introducing the jump shot, which he developed

on a basket outside the family

SPORTS NEWS IN BRIEF

SHAH ALAM, Malaysia (R) — Kevin Schwantz stamped his authority on practice for Sunday's Malaysian 500cc Motorcycling

Grand Prix with a blistering ride in Saturday's final session. The

Texan, who won the season-opening Australian round of the World Championship in fine style last weekend, took his Suzuki

round the tight Shah Alam Circuit in one minute 25.533 seconds.

Second fastest was Australian Daryl Beattie on his Honda, but he

had to rely on the 1:25.643 he set during Friday's first qualifying

session. All the other top riders improved their times and

Yamaha's world champion Wayne Rainey moved to third place,

little more than 0.2 of a second slower than Beattie. Spain's Alex

Criville was fourth for Honda and completed the front row. Rated

team mate Mick Doohan was fifth and relegated to the second

Olympic visitors to swamp Atlanta hotels

ATLANTA (AP) — The Atlanta Committee for the Olympic Games has reserved at least 40,000 of the 55,000 hotel and motel

rooms in metro Atlanta for the 16 days of the games. Hotels and

motels that have become members of ACOG's host hotel network

are giving the committee the right to book 80 per cent of their

rooms at a rate slightly above what the hotels are charging at the

end of 1994 officials said. Hotel officials said many of the other

rooms will be reserved for preferred customers and their own

corporate clients and staff. By 1996, about 60,000 rooms are

expected in the metro area, with 33,600 set aside for Olympic

sponsors, officials, media, vendors and security personnel. ACOG is estimating 150,000 visitors will need accommodations

ADELAIDE (AP) - Former Australian sprintcar champion Phil

Hereen underwent surgery for spinal injuries Saturday after a high-speed race crash, officials said. Hereen, 51, was injured Friday night when his car clipped another vehicle on the

straightaway at Speedway Park, north of Adelaide. The car

flipped several times and flew over both a concrete barrier and a

four-metre safety fence. It narrowly missed dozens of spectactors seated nearby. Hereen was trapped in the wreckage for about an

hour before being freed and flown by helicopter to Royal

Sprintcar driver undergoes surgery

Schwantz roars to pole position

"My brother Bud and I grew up on a ranch in Hillsdale. He was four or five years older than me. We had a hoop on the windmill, ward the rim.

and we'd go out there and play.

"In those days, you didn't And here I was 5 feet? (170 centimetres) and him 6-5 (196 centimetres), and I know my thinking was how do I get a shot off

(NCAA) title and played in the National Basketball Association for several years.

I started just jumping in the air and throwing the ball, and it just developed into the jump shot."

After winning the national Collegiate Athletic Association (NCAA) title in 1943, Sailors went on to play for seven NBA teams in five seasons before retiring in 1951.

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) Unusual friends and acquaintances are the best way to put into motion the activities most important to you after handling a built up

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Retire somewhat from outside acti-vities after keeping a promise made to a partner and think of ways to be more successful in out of the ordin-GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) Be

your most gregarius self in contacting the persons you feel can be jointly helpful in some interesting longing after getting vital tasks performed. MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to

July 21) Do what you, have agreed for your mate early and then get out in public for whatever obligations or activities you need to handle there.

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) You have a home duty to attend to but then be alert to all kinds of new and interesting outlets by which to make your fondest dreams come

VIRGO: (August 22 to September

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR SUNDAY APRIL 4, 1993 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

22) Whatever brings you more GENERAL TENDENCIES: accord with your attachment is an opportunity that you should scize Wind up whatever has been left undone early in the day and use the and turn to your advantage for good aspects of the evening to enjoy yourself with that special person that really means the most to you. Getting the right results will be easy. whatever sucess you desire. LIBRA: (September 23 to October

22) Listen attentively to what one, who is enthusiastic about some skill with which you have possessed; and the way that people feel you can use it.

SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) An electric quality is pre-sent in doing the various things that face you today which will carry you over any rough spots also present.

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to: December 21) Put behind your personal wishes while you join with congenial companions in the enterents and amusements that they want you to do.

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Don't let a task you, feel pressured to do keep you from finding out how you can best do. those things for your family or household they desire.

AQUARIUS: (January 21 to Febru-ary 19) You are so filled with the desire to express your personal abilities and special aptitudes that not a moment should be lost this precious day.

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) You suddenly become inspired with some very wonderful ideas different from those you usually have so quietly jot them down, arrange to use them.



"My first fiance was a turtle named Eleanor. But I was only four years old

World No. 1 Courier tumbles out of Salem Open

OSAKA, Japan (Agencies) — World number one Jim Courier tumbled out of the Salem Open

He lost 7-5 7-6 in his semifinal a good question.

Amos Mansdorf, whom he has "If I knew the answers ... I to Amos Mansdorf, whom he has beaten five times before, twice in

semifinals of major tournaments. "I didn't play very well and he played much better," was all the glum American offered to reporters' questions after his defeat. Mansdorf will meet second seed Michael Chang, a 6-2 3-6 6-3 winner over unseeded Frenchman Stephane Simian, in Sundav's final.

"Today I was really going for it," said a fired up Mansdorf, "I took chances and didn't wait for him to miss.

"I feel very good, but this is not my biggest or most memorable win . . now I've got to put this match behind me and concentrate

on the final." Mansdorf clinched the second set tiebreak 7-4 with an ace after

Peanuts

Courier had double-faulted when he was 5-3 down.

"I didn't serve very well to-day," said Courier. "Why? That's Ferreira, Volkov reach semi-finals

would never make any mistakes." final would be entertaining for the crowd.

"We will be hitting a lot of balls and doing a lot of running. Both of us will be trying to play clever and get in the right positions.'

Chang, ranked ninth in the world, countered a spirited challenge from Frenchman Stephane Simian, who concentrated on charging the net after his first

"Normally that's not the most sensible play. But when you're as big as he is and have as long a reach, it can be quite effective Chang said.

The American has beaten Mansdorf three times in their

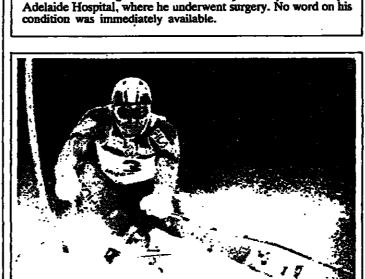
Top-seeded Wayne Ferreira overcame a poor start to beat Mansdorf predicted Sunday's Germany's Joern Renzenbrink Friday and advance to the semifinals of the South African Open tennis tournament.

The South African defeated his unseeded opponent 3-6, 6-1, 6-3, Earlier, second-seeded Alexander Volkov of Russia and fifthseeded American Aaron Krick-

stein trounced their opponents to reach the semifinals. Volkov needed less than an hour to beat Lars Jonsson of Sweden 6-1, 6-2. Krickstein defeated fellow American Alex

Reichel 6-4, 6-0. In other play Friday in the \$300,000 tournament, South Africa's Grant Stafford narrowly defeated Robbie Weiss of the United States 7-5, 7-6 (7-3).

DUU



Tomba upset in Giant Slalom: Extending a streak of upset losses, Olympic champion Alberto Tomba Friday lost to un-heralded Gerhard Koenigsrainer the men's giant slalom title at the Italian Alpine Ski Championships. Tomba, who again failed this year for a World Championship title in Japan and in this season's World Cup, missed his seventh national title as he trailed the winner by 0.57 seconds after two runs in this Alpine resort. "The first run was too long and I was sinking on soft snow in the bottom part of the course," said Tomba, the first Alpine skier ever to defend an Olympic title,

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ÀĀQ7 The bidding:
South West North East

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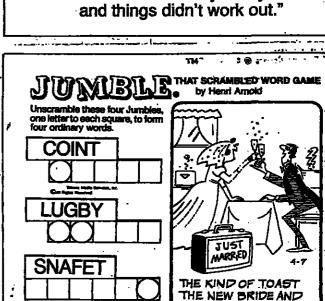
SOUTH

Page ing lead: King of 4 Page Page
Opening lead: King of 4
Here's another opportunity for
you to test your skill. Cover the
East-West hands and decide how
you would play four hearts after the
lead of the king of spades.
If you won the ace of spades,
ruffed a spade and cashed the ace
and king of bearts before starting on
chibs, you have not looked deeply
enough into the situation. As the
cards ile, West will ruff the third

chib and take two spades and a dia-mond to defeat you. Let's try a different tack. If, after ruffing a spade, you came to hand with a club to ruff another spade, then cashed the ace of hearts, crossed back to hand with another high club to cash the king of hearts, high cam to case the and to distri-lotricks will roll in unless the distri-bution is most unkind. You will be defeated only in the unlikely event defeated only in the unlikely event that East started with a six-card spade suit and East can overruff the third spade, or trumps split 4-11. Even better technique is to win the first spade, cash the ace and king of hearts and, leaving a trump outstanding, start running the

king or hearts and, heaving a crompoutstanding, start running the clubs. A defender can ruff a chib, but there's still a trump in dummy to take care of one of your spade losers, and another goes on the fourth chih. The gold star goes to those who found yot another approach. Allow

West to win the first spedal Ruff the spade continuation (no shift makes any difference), cash the ace of hearts and lead a heart to the jack. Besides being the most elegant line, it guards against East having started with four trumps and loses only if West was dealt exactly six species and two trumps to the guesn. and two trumps to the queen.



GROOM MADE. Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suged by the above cartoon

Print answer here:

Jumbles: DAISY WAGER STOOGE PELVIS Answer: The kind of play that often came to an abrupt and in olden days—SWORDPLAY

THE Daily Crossword by Fred Toole

ACROSS 1 Strike sharply 5 Con game 9 Thada — 13 Hebrides island

14 Skiing area 14 Skiing area 15 Cupid 16 Hurt bedly 17 Office items 19 Real estate 21 Alpine cottage 22 Nostrils 23 Podded vegetable 24 Yeltzin's land 26 Recounted 31 BPOE member

RYSLIG

32 Ford's famous tailure 34 Vile 35 Boric or lactic 37 Destroy documents, in a way 39 Of a church:

abbr.
40 Inclines (to)
42 Appended
44 New Zealand 44 New Zeauand
perrot
45 Weapons
storage places
47 Theaire feature
49 Pindaric
50 Willow
51 Toscanial
55 1% a nite

55 It's a lift to

61 — Horne 62 "Trick or 63 Unlocked 64 Obl 65 Parceived 66 Put snugly 10gether

10 Outer covering
of a seed
11 Lasso
12 Helper: abbr.
14 Bed covers
18 Scorches
20 New York cases 20 New York canal 22 Lost color 24 Lasso 25 Result of stress 26 Social dufferds 27 October brew 28 hem tossed or

7 Imitate 8 Composer

Johnny 9 Bartok of music

28 Item tossed at parades 29 Show biz host 30 Poet Thomas

53 Containers 54 Mormon state 55 Sword 56 Corrids cheers 57 Budget Item 58 Exist

Andy Capp









Mutt'n'Jeff



ersists Hank and Gaza & Amen said that & Amen said that & Lask was home uto in agency and crefugees might a corressions. Its funding is forther was schools — the pupils per class of the most dear to the most dear all have to be from class and the quality.

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l NRWA S Ade and the penne c of France k ins in Vienna... from caused by included deficit us minative. In his closings sed governmen car communes hudget Go. i recognise the thutions would cv and the Pale rely on UNRA vir. Tremean k

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> J. 181 2 120 (C) 120 (C) 120 (C) 120 (C) ES

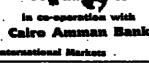
有有文章 电影用的 医人名阿拉斯斯氏试验

AMMAN FINANCIAL MARKET

| | CHARLED HARDET SHARE PRICE LIST | FOR SATUR | 1AY 93/0 | 04/1993 ∜ | |
|----|--|-------------------------|----------------|--------------------|------------------|
| | CHIPARY'S EXIC | TRADING FOLUNE JD | CLOSING | OPERED C | CLOSING PRICE |
| 1 | | - | · · · · · · · | | |
| i | ARAB BANK | 70,255 | 131.500 | :29.500 | 130.500 |
| 1 | JORDAN MATICICAL MANY MANE OF JORDAN | - 8,500 | 5_000 | 5.000 | 5.000 |
| | THREETY'S PETT CONTINUE TANK | 273,206 | 22.850 | 22.000 | 23.000 |
| - | THE HOUSING BANK | 37,27 <i>1</i> | . 2 04D | 3 400 | 2.700 |
| | JOEDAN AUGUST BANK | 49,503 | 2.430 | 2.430 | 2.430 |
| | JOHNAN LELANIC BANK | 47.214 | 4.840 | 4.200 | 4.790 |
| į | UNIOR HANK FOR SAVING & INVESTIGAT | 24,735 | 4.350 | 4-350 | 4.380 |
| | BUSINGS KARE | 47,049 | 2.238 | 3. 2 00 | 3.240 |
| | JULIAN INVESTMENT & FIRANCE BARE | 4,153 | 6-200 | 6.210 | 6:240 |
| | THE BUT TO THE POSTAGE FOR BUTSING | 1,764 | 9.600 | 3.320 | 3.000 |
| | ARAS RANKING CORPORATION/Jones | 24, 132 | 1.120 | 3.470 | . 1.720 |
| | JORDAN IMBURANCE | 140.000 | 3.500 | 3.500 | 3.500 |
| | JORGAN FRENCH INSURANCE | 207, 959 | 4.120 | 4.110 | 4.140 |
| • | ECLY LAMP INSURANCE | 7,618 | 3-400 | 3.310 | 3.310 |
| ٠. | PHILADELPHIA INSURANCE | 6B,852 | 4.970 | 5.220 | 5.220 |
| t | ARAB LLYS & ACCIDENT INSURANCE | 25, 191 | 3.120 | 3.130 | 3.120 |
| | JOHOARIAN ELECTRIC POWER | 222,419 | 2.230 | 2.200 | 2.170 |
| | AMBINIMATICE ELECTRICITY | 122,259 | 1.360 | 1.430 | 1.430 |
| | JOSEAN TOURSES & SEA CHARLES | 122 | 4.300 | 2.500 0.400 | 2.500 |
| ١. | REAL BETATE INVESTMENT | 3.612 | 1.680 | 1.680 | 1.680 |
| | JORDAN CULF REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT | 40,044 | 0.830 | 0.630 | 0.850 |
| | PETRA ENTRPRISES & DOUTPHENTS LEASING | 3,269 | 1.150 | 1.146 | 1.150 |
| | ENCRINANT EGGIS- MEMICING & RYTHLENVICE | 52,716 | 1.427 | 1.460 | 1.698 |
| | UNITED ATTRICE EAST & COMMUNICE MOTETS | 130,583 | 2.452 | 3 546 | 2,430 |
| | THE SOUDING CENTRY PROPERTY. | 82,388 | 1.8/ | 1.570 | 1.650 |
| | JOHDAN TANHING | 46,700 | 7.440 | 7.500 | 7.500 |
| | MCCLER THUMSTRIES | 665 | 2.760 | 2.700 | 2,630 |
| | THE IMPOSTRIAL CHARGERCIAL & AGRICULTURAL | 162,256 | 6.070 | 6.070 | 6.070 |
| | THE JORDAN MORETED WILLS | 1,425 | 9.500 | 9.500 | 9.500 |
| | APAB PHARMACEUTICAL HARDYACTURING | 16,328 | 7.000 | 6.950 | 6,690 |
| | JOSEPH CERMIC INDISTRIES | 20,435 | 6.050 | 6.100 | 5.100 |
| | THE TOOMS BYDER Madrian Communica | 2,804 | 2.560 | 2.550 | 7.340 |
| | THE PUBLIC NUMBER | 14.677 | 3.310 | 3.370 | 3.450 |
| | EPINNING & WENTING | 29, 238 | 3.270 | 3.260 | 3.260 |
| | RAFIA INDUSTRIES | 34,609 | 3.700 | 3.700 | 3.700 |
| | JOHDAN GLASS INCOSTRIES | 6,284 | 0.750 | 0.750 | 0.740 |
| | DAR AL DARA DEVELOPMENT & INVESTMENT | 145,401 | 22.100 | 12.100 | 12.150 |
| | AREA MINGRISH TENDETRY | 34,340 | 14-050 | 33-500 | 13.750 |
| | LIVESTOCK & POULTRY | 20,133 | 0.940 | 0-940 | 0.920 |
| | GEFERAL TEVES DOOR | 88,254 | 3.050 | 3.080 | 3.200 |
| | ARAB PAPER CONVERTING & TRADING | 8,918 | 1-910 | 1.790 | 1.780 |
| | MATICAL SIZE INDUSTRI | 27,333 | 6.970 0.860 | 6.360 | 6-030 |
| | INTERMEDIATE PETRO-CHEKICAL INDUSTRIES | 35.091 | 4.220 | 4.200 | 4-180 |
| | JORDAN ROCKHOOL INDUSTRIES | 27,500 | 2.750 | 2.750 | 2.750 |
| | UNIVERSAL CHEMICAL LEDUSTRIES | 47,235 | 14.000 | 14.200 | 14-020 |
| | JUNDAN PRECAST CONTRACT INCOME. | 2,665 | 2.310 | 1.340 | 1.340 |
| | HATICULA CABLE & WISE WARRENCE | 20 646 TOT' 939 | U-500 | 0.550 | U.650 |
| | JORGAN SULPHO-CHRICALS | 24,403 | 4,590 | 4.570 | 4.560 |
| | arab center for phabm. & Chemicals | 126,685 | 4.400 | 4.370 | 4.400 |
| 1 | JORDAN KUNAIT CO. FOR AGRI. & FORD PROD. | 309,310 | 1-920 | 1.950 | 2.020 |
| | GALLATANT MODERN INDOSTRIES | 55,618 | 5.640 | 5.650 | 5.610 |
| | ARAB BANK JORDAN RATIONAL EARK JORDAN STRAIT BANK JORDAN BLANKE GREK JORDAN BLANKE GREK NICH BANK FOR SAVING & INVESTMENT RESIDENS BANK JURIAN LEVISTREET & FIRMACE BANK JURIAN LEVISTREET A FIRMACE BOLL LAND LEVISTREET ARAB BANK POR INVESTMENT JORDAN HASURANCE JORDAN HASURANCE BOLL LAND LEVISTREET ARAB LIFE & ACCIDENT INSURANCE BOLL LAND LEVISTREET ARAB LIFE & ACCIDENT INSURANCE BOLL LAND LEVISTREET ARAB LIFE & ACCIDENT INSURANCE JORDAN HASTORIAN ENGINEER REAL SEATHER HOUSETRICITY JORDAN GERTONAL & FORDER TORDAN HASTORIAN ENGINEER REAL LEVISTREET JORDAN GERTON HASTORIAN JORDAN FARTHLESS E CONSIDER REAL SEATH INVESTMENT JORDAN GERTON HASTORIAN JORDAN THROUGH EAST CONSIDER THE JURDAN CLOSET FACTORIES JORDAN PHYROLENN REFIRENT JORDAN TAMBILED THE JURDAN CLOSET FACTORIES JORDAN FARTHLESS THE LEUSTREES THE RESTREES THE RESIDENCE & MANUFACTURING THE FURLE MINING EFISIEDS CHARLE STRAIT THE JORDAN CLASS INDUSTRIES JORDAN GERAS INDUSTRIES JORDAN GERAS INDUSTRIES THE RETURN LEUSTREET THE RECOVERED LEUSTREE LETTREED LEUSTREET THE RECOVERED LEUSTREE LETTREBULATE FERNO-CHERICAL INDUSTRIES LORDAN TORON LEUSTREES LETTREBULATE FERNO-CHERICAL TRUDESTIF THE FARTORIAL CABLE & WHILE HARDELTURG JORDAN TORON LORDSTREET & MATCHALLETTRECTOR JORDAN TORON LORDSTREET LETTREBULATE FOR PROBLEM & CHERCALS JORDAN TORON LORDSTREET LETTREBULATE FOR PROBLEM & CHERCALS JORDAN TORON LORDSTREET LETTREBULATE FOR PROBLEM AND TO OT A L | | | | |
| | GRAND TOTAL | 3,290,673 | | | 47 |
| | | | | XV. | 1/ / |
| | | ب و مساور و اراؤی | | | |

Financial Markets

NO. OF TRADED SHARES IN PARALLEL MARKET TRADENG VOLUME IN THE PARALLEL MARKET



| U.S. Dellar in International Markets | | | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Currency | New York Close Data 1/4/1993 | Akw York Close Date 2/4/1993 | |
| Sterling Pound* | 1.5300 | 1.5215 | |
| Deutsche Mark | 7.5920 | 1.5995 | |
| Swiss Franc | 1.47% | 1.4795 | |
| French Franc | 5.4005 | 5.4355 | |
| Japanese Yen | 114.05 | 113.75 | |
| European Carreny Unit - | 1.2012 ** | -1.2138 | |

| lurocurrency interest Ra | | | Date: 2/4/ | |
|--------------------------|-------|--------|------------|---------|
| Currency | 1 MTH | 3 MTHS | 6 MTHS | 12 MTHS |
| U.S. Dollar | 3.06 | 3.12 | 3.18 | 3.43 |
| Sterling Pound | 5.87 | 5.87 | 5.81 | 5.78 |
| Deutsche Mark | 8.18 | 7.93 | 7.50 | 6.93 |
| Swiss Franc | 5.18 | 5.12 | 4.75 | 4.43 |
| French Franc | 10.31 | 9.94 | 9.18 | 8.37 |
| Japanese Yen | 3.12 | 3.18 | 3.18 | 3.25 |
| European Currency Unit | 9.50 | 9.18 | 8.69 | 8.00 |

| | • | | | | • |
|------------|----------|--------|--------|-----------|-------|
| Precious N | letais · | · | | Date: 2/4 | /1993 |
| Metal | USD/Oz | JD/Gm* | Metal | USD/Oz | JD/Gm |
| Geld | 341.00 | 6.60 | Silver | 3.97 | .087 |
| 21 Karat | 1 347.00 | 0.00 | | 1 | |

| Gold | 341.00 | 6.60 | Silver | 3.97 | |
|------------|-----------|------|---------|-------|--|
| * 21 Kernt | · · · · · | • | | | |
| _ : | | | B.a. Ba | Detin | |

| OUTLIN BYING OF SOLEROW STATES | Dat | a: 3/4/1993 |
|--------------------------------|---------|--------------------|
| Сигтелсу | Bid - | Offer |
| U.S. Dollar | 0.6850 | 0.6870 |
| Sterling Pound | 1.0414 | 1.0466 |
| Deutsche Mark | 0.4284 | 0.4305 |
| Świst Franc | 0.4627 | 0.4650 |
| French Franc | 0.1260 | 0.1266 |
| Japanese Yen ^o | 0.6022 | 0.6052 |
| Dutch Guilder | 0.3808 | 0.3827 |
| Swedish Krona | 0.0909 | 0.0914 |
| ltajian Lira * | 0.0433 | 0.0435 |
| Belgian Franc | 0.02077 | 0.0208 |

| Other Currenties | Date: 3/4/1993 | | |
|------------------|----------------|---------|--|
| Currency | Bid | Offer | |
| Bahraini Dinar | 1.8010 | 1.8400 | |
| Lebanese Lira* | 0.03£48 | 0.04100 | |
| Sendi Riyal | 0.1825 | 0.1840 | |
| Kuwaiti Dinar | 2.2450 | 2.2800 | |
| Qatari Riyal | 0.1858 | 0.1880 | |
| Egyptian Pound | 0.1940 | 0.2160 | |
| Omani Riyal | 1.7540 | 1.7800 | |
| UAE Dirivan | 0.1858 | 0.1880 | |
| Greek Drachma* | 0.3130 | 0.3230 | |
| Cypriot Pound | 1.4150 | 1.4350 | |

| | • | | |
|---------------|---------------|-----------|--------|
| | | | |
| CAR Indicas (| ing Australia | Financial | Market |

| Index | 27/3/1993 Close | 31/3/1993 Close |
|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| All-Share | 197.03 | 196.11 |
| Banking Sector . | 137.00 | 135.37 |
| Insurance Sector | 215.15 | 213.78 |
| Industry Sector | 280.55 | 279.57 |
| Services Sector | 258.56 | 266.18 |

Russia saves \$15b via debt rescheduling

flows before it is too late.

weekend in Vancouver.

paying the old Soviet debts.

of Soviet assets, including space

in 36 foreign embassies and part

of the Danube and Black Sea

merchant fleets, in return for

letting Russia pay its 16.34 per cent share of the debt.

But at talks in Kiev last week,

the head of the Paris Club.

French Treasury Director Jean-

Claude Trichet, effectively

agreed with the Ukrainian gov-

ernment that the row should no

longer be allowed to hold up a

Friday's statement said Mr.

Shokhin signed a delcaration

reaffirming that Moscow was li-

The Paris Club said it now

expected other creditors to grant

debt concessions "on comparable

In Frankfurt, a senior banker

welcomed the Paris Club deal and

said commercial bank creditors

tant. Of course we will join in,"

"It is good news, very impor-

In Washington, World Bank

President Lewis Preston warned

Russia that it can't expect major

help from the international lend-

were likely to follow suit.

able for the debt.

terms.

he said.

bilateral Russian rescheduling.

the ex-Soviet Union.

PARIS (R) - Western governments, in a show of support for embattled President Boris Yeltsin, agreed Friday to a debt rescheduling that will save Russia more than \$15 billion in debt payments in 1993, the French finance ministry said.

Under the accord, signed in Paris by Deputy Prime Minister Alexander Shokhin, debts inherited from the former Soviet Union and falling due in 1993 would be stretched out over 10 years, a financial source said.

The source, who asked not to be named, said the terms granted were "very generous."

The debts of the former Soviet

Union are estimated at \$80 billon, of which about half is owed to governments. In a statement released by the French finance ministry, the so-

called Paris Club of government creditors welcomed Mr. Yeltsin's efforts to revive Russia's economy and said it was ready in principle to consider rescheduling 1994 payments.

"They stressed their continuing support for the Russian reform process launched and guided by President Yeltsin.

But the statement said Moscow needed to accelerate reforms so it could qualify for new loans from the International Monetary Fund.

The financial sources declined to say how much Russia, which has said it could afford to pay only \$3.5 billion this year to all its creditors, had agreed to pay to the governments.

Bankers have estimated that interest payments alone in 1993 would amount to \$5 billion. Russia has been paying little if

any interest in recent months to

the Paris Club, so a promise to make more regular payments could in fact cost it money in the short term. But a rescheduling was necessary to unlock new loans that Mr.

Yeltsin desperately needs to help modernise Russia's economy at a time when he is locked in a power struggle with conservatives. The United States and Canada, among others, have frozen new grain credits to Moscow because of the absence of a rescheduling and because of rising arrears on

old loans. For instance, Russia

has missed payments of \$650 mil-

Money dealers of Tokyo's foreign exchange mar-ket trade in Friday's morning session when the

U.S. dollar opened at a new record low of 113.95

PHILADELPHIA

Nabil Al Mashini Theatre

Presents as of March 17, 1993 the political comedy play

Definitely Democracy

(Demokratiyya Wa Nuss)

Zawwad Wild Awwad Party

SPLASH

Shows: 12:30, 3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 10:30 p.m

Cinema

lion due to Washington.

ing organisation until Moscow **Cyprus Airways increases**

Amman will rise to four, the agency said.

Tel.: 634144

Tel.: 675571

number of flights to Amman

AMMAN - Cyprus Airways (CY) will start operating an

additional flight to Amman once every week on Wednesday,

according to CY agents in Amman, Petra Tours Agency. Thus,

the number of the Cypriot carrier's weekly flights to and from

yen in Tokyo, down 0.59 yen from the previous day's all time low finish of 114.54 yen (AFP photo)

Cînema

Macaulay Culkin

Ahmed Zaki — in

Mr. Karate

(Arabic)

Shows: 12:30, 3:00, 4:45, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30

HOME ALONE 2

"LOST IN NEW YORK

Shows: 12:30, 3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 10,30

The Kremlin leader, who faces acts to put its economic house in a referendum on April 25, has order.

In an interview with Reuters, urged the West to speed up aid Mr. Preston voiced frustration He is expected to convey the with Russia's inability to make use of much of the money that's same message to U.S. President already been offered to it and Bill Clinton at a summit this with the failure of its central bank Negotiations for a rescheduling to get a grip on its runaway have dragged on for more than a inflation.

"They've got to get inflation under control," he said, adding, year, held up by a disagreement over how much Moscow could afford to pay and by a row between Russia and Ukraine over "without an economic stabilisation programme, it's going to be who should be responsible for frustrating (trying to help Rus-

Moscow and Kiev have still not The World Bank, which is scheduled to chair a donors group formally agreed on how to share for Russia on May 4-5, has the debts — and the assets — of already approved three loans for Ukraine is pressing for a share the country.

But Moscow has failed to make use of most of the money that's been offered.

It's only drawn down some \$60 million of a \$600 million credit approved by the bank last August the purchase of imported food, medicine and other mate-rials, presumably because of administrative difficulties in Mos-

Two other loans - \$90 million to promote privatisation and \$70 million to study setting up a social safety net for workers who lose their jobs - have not been used because they are awaiting approval by Russia's parliament. 'If you tote up how much money is available and unused,

it's very large," Mr. Preston said. The World Bank had originally planned to boost its lending to Russia and the other former Soviet republics to \$2.5 billion per year in support of economic

reforms there. But Mr. Preston said the bank won't be able to go ahead with loans to reform Russia's agriculture industry or modernise its banking system until the country acts to stabilise its economy. Otherwise, the money would

just end up being wasted. Plans to help Russia set up a social safety net - essential if the country's economic reform programme is to succeed - are also

on hold. The World Bank though is working on putting together a \$1 billion loan package to help Russia upgrade its Siberian oil and gas industry - which potentially could be a big money earner for the country in the form of in-

creased exports. Mr. Preston made clear that much of the blame for Russia's failure to follow through with tough economic reforms lies with its central bank and its chief. Viktor Gerashchenko.

"Nobody's been able to reform him," the World Bank chief said. Meanwhile, the International Monetary Fund (IMF) is considering creating a new source of

loans for Russia that would allow it to borrow billions of dollars before it has a full economic reform plan in place. The new programme, called

the "system transformation facility," could form a key part of the international aid package that the Group of Seven industrial nations

are putting together to bolster beleaguered Russian leader Boris

Yeltsin. One source likened the planned international package to a road-map, saying it would set out the specific levels of assistance

that Russia could expect from the

West as it travelled down the path of economic reform. The idea is to lay out to the Russians what support, what carrot, is going to be available if they take certain steps — sort of a

road-map," he said. As conceived by IMF Managing Director Michel Camdessus. the system transformation facility might be one of the first stops on that road map. It would give tangible support for Mr. Yeltsin and his reforms in the near-term as he grapples with Russia's conservative parliament.

To borrow money from the facility, Russia would have ot take some actions to put its economy in better shape but would not have to meet the tough conditions that the IMF requires under its so-called stand-by loan prog-

The IMF lent Russia \$1 billion

offer more help since then because of those tough conditions and Moscow's inability to meet

them. That has led to calls from withich the U.S. government and elsewhere that the IMF relax some of its conditions to enable

Russia to obtain a \$3-4 billion stand-by loan. It's unclear how much money Russia could borrow from the new facility, but one source speculated that the amount might be somewhere between \$1.5 bil-

lion and \$4 billion. The level of assistance might be determined in part by how much Russia's trade and export earnings have been disrupted by the collapse of the Soviet Union.

As the name implies, the facility would be open not only to Russia but also to other former Soviet republics trying to transform their economies from communism to capitalism.

The facility has yet to be approved by the IMF's board but monetary sources said that it appears to have tentative backing from the Group of Seven (G-7) last year but has been unable to industrialised powers.

European workers strike, protest over unemployment

BRUSSELS (R) - Workers than 20 per cent had not been went on strike and took to the streets across the European Community (EC) Friday in a wave of protests at the failure of governments to halt and reverse the

From London to Rome, work-

stoppages and demonstrations to unemployment of 9.5 per cent.

Demonstrations mostly passed off without incident under heavy rain but in Turin militants threw coins and bolts at speakers from Italy's main CGIL union grouping.

ers, worried that government plans to privatise the state rail network will mean compulsory redundancies, halted trains across

industrial unrest for years, Lon-

don bus drivers and most coalminers also went on strike for the

materialise as workers simply took the day off.

cent of the work force.

Angry that increases of more

Tel.: 677420

Tel.: 699238

steep rise in unemployment.

mark a day of protests against Post office workers and some other public sector employees were striking all day. Trains, buses, ferries and planes were stopping for four hours. Local protests were planned.

A one-day strike by rail work-

are out of work, around 10 per

and steel workers began a second day of wildcat strikes to protest against management's refusal to pay hefty wage rises promised two years ago.

Strasbourg, seat of the Euro-

ers downed tools to demonstrate their anger at unemployment levels forecast to top 11 per cent as an EC average this year and to keep rising into 1995, as economic growth grinds to a halt.
Others halted work to demand

In Italy, millions took part in

In the country's worst day of

day in protest against job and pay The predicted traffic chaos in major towns and cities failed to

Nearly three million Britons

Eastern German engineering

paid Thursday, thousands of workers streamed towards Rostock's shipyards at midday for the main demonstration.

Factories in the four other eastern states and eastern Berlin were hit again when 90,000 workers downed tools, officials of the I.G. Metall union said.

About 1,500 people marched through the centre of Brussels to show their support for the day of action against unemployment in Europe organised by the European Trades Union Confedera-

The demonstrators were led by a giant Hoover vacuum cleaner. an allusion to the recent decision by the U.S. firm to shift production from France to Scotland, where wages are lower. European Commission Presi-

dent Jacques Delors met a delegation from the demonstrators who asked him to use his weight to "put Europe back to work." Some 12,000 people also gathered in the French city of

pean Parliament, in support of the day if action. About 15,000 demonstrators

turned up in the Dutch city of Maastricht, where the treaty mapping out of a route to creation of a single Community currency and the rigid budgetary discipline it needs was agreed by EC heads of state in December 1991.

Some economists argue that the treaty has contributed to the length and the depth of economic oes across the 12-nation bloc. Demonstrations were held in

Portugal, while in Madrid, dustmen returned to work after a four-day strike which left more than 16,000 tonnes of rubbish rotting on the streets in the spring sunshine.

Union leaders called off the Madrid strike after being offered an improved wage settlement of 5.5 per cent for 1993, up on the two per cent htey wre originally

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Three bedrooms, two bathrooms, dining and living room, American system, new deluxe furniture, new building, independent central heating, fit for diplomatic missions. Please call Tel. 820259,

FOR SALE

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course duration: 13 April - 15 June 1993

course fees: JD 40.000 For further information please call: 641 993

Saturday through Wednesday from 9. a.m.-1 p.m. and 4 p.m. - 6 p.m.

Goethe-Institut, Ammon, Jabal Amman, Abdel Mun'im Al Rifa'i Street near 3rd Circle, opposite Riad Centre



ART EXHIBITION FOR THE ARTIST Nawaf Al Bukhari

THE 1ST

At: Phoenix Galary From 1st-10th of April, 1993

At Gardens Street, tel. 695291

Tel.: 625155

On Mondays, Tuesdays and Wednesdays at 9:00 p.m. Welcome New World Order

> at 5 p.m. and 9 p.m. & on Friday at 9:00 p.m. Please make advance reservation

Welcome Parliament and Budget

On Thursday

Nabil & Hisham's AHLAN THEATRE

CONCORD

PLAZA

Serbs reject peace plan; new fighting rages around Srebrenica

(AP) — Rebel Serb lawmakers voted Saturday against a peace plan for Bosnia, while a U.N. relief convoy headed toward the besieged Muslim enclave of Sreb-

Frustrating months of international mediation, deputies to a self-proclaimed Serb parliament formally rejected a proposal for the division of Bosnia into 10 semi-autonomous provinces.

The Bileca assembly in southern Bosnia dismissed as too mooerate leader Radovan Karadzic's resolution that the plan was un-acceptable but could be a basis for further talks.

A total of 68 deputies voted against the plan touted by peace envoys Cyrus Vance and Lord Owen. One lawmaker abstained. The relief convoy, blocked by Serbs Friday, crossed the Yugoslav-Bosnian border Saturday on its way to Srebrenica, said Luarens Jolles, a spokesman for the U.N. High Commissioner for

Refugees in Belgrade. Srebrenica is one of the last areas in eastern Bosnia still held

The U.N. aid convoy abandoned the attempt to reach Srebrenica Saturday when its route was blocked in the nearby Serb town of Bratunac, U.N. officials

The convoy of 16 trucks which intended to evacuate refugees among the 40,000 population returned to the border between Bosnia and Serbia, they added.

The convoy was the third this week to deliver food, medicine and other supplies and evacuate sick and destitute people. Mr. Jolles said. It was doubled in size

to 16 trucks, half of which were

Evacuations from Srebrenica were suspended Thursday after six people were killed in an evacuation Wednesday. More than 2.300 people escaped in 19 jammed trucks Monday, and at least three babies died during the trip. At U.N. headquarters in New York, the Security Council planned to meet Saturday to consider issuing a statement expressing concern about Serbs' attempts to delay delivery of relief supplies to

Srebrenica. In a statement, the Serb deputies said they rejected the peace plan because it would unfairly divide territory, mineral resources, and industries, and would not correspond to the ethnic composition of the popula-

The maps...directly jeopar-dise the existence of the Serbian people in these lands," Mr. Karadzic told reporters Saturday,

supporting rejection of the plan. We are for peace, but not at a price of the catastrophic disappearance of the Serb people...the acceptance of the maps would be the suicide of the Ser-

bian people," he said. The peace plan had been accepted by the Bosnian government and the republic's ethnic

Mr. Karadzic said he hoped the Clinton administration would agree to self-determination of ethnic groups and the division of Bosnia-Herzegovina. into three

Mr. Karadzic also said the next in three weeks. If there was no progress by then, he said, "we the Serbs have waged mostly

referring to threats expressed by deputies that the self-proclaimed Serb Republic in Bosnia should declare full independence and unite with the Serb-held Krajina region in southern Croatia.

The Bosnian Muslim government will continue strengthening defences because Bosnian Serbs are unwilling to embrace peace, said Bosnian presidency spokesman Kemal Mustic in Sarajevo

"The Vance-Owen plan is not the best solution for us either, but we signed it because we want he said.

U.N. representatives in the Srebrenica area had observed multiple ceasefire violations as of Friday afternoon, including shelling, mortar and small arms fire, U.N. spokesman Cmdr. Barry Frewer said Saturday.

Cmdr. Frewer said the U.N. was making complaints to both Muslims and Bosnian Serb au-

UNHCR spokesman John McMillan said the fighting jeopardised the Srebrenica convoy. "If there's warfare, we're not going to go into it." he said.

Another previously blocked

convoy bound for Gorazde was also reported on its way, but one for the besieged town of Zepa was still being held at Podromanija, Mr. Laurens said in Belgrade. In Brussels, Belgium, the NATO alliance Friday approved

the U.N.-imposed ban on aircraft flying over Bosnia. But enforcement of the flight session of his parliament will be ban may not be much help to

a plan to use warplanes to enforce

Muslim-led government and civilian populations.

In Geneva, the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) said Saturday 17 detainees at a Bosnian Serbcontrolled detention camp may have been killed while being taken to work in a front-line combat area.

An ICRC statement said that during a visit to the Batkovic detention camp in north-eastern Bosnia on March 31, its delegates were told the detainees' vehicle was ambushed on March 26.

Serbia dismissed as groundless allegations it is sponsoring a genocide campaign against Bos-nian Muslims and told the World Court Friday that all sides are guilty of atrocities in the ethnic

Bosnia's Muslim government has asked the U.N. court for protection from what it claims are Serb attempts to exterminate its Muslim population. It also seeks a ruling in support of outside military intervention.

The leader of the Serb delegation, Ljubinko Zivkovic, denied Belgrade was involved in the year-old Bosnian war and said Bosnian Serbs also have been victims of war crimes in what he called "a clear-cut case of civil

"Their basic human rights, even lives, are also being violated," Mr. Zivkovic told the 14-judge panel, which has no enforcement power but can sway world opinion. The case is the first World Court complaint under the 1948 Paris Convention

ANC denies supporting government homeland plans'

against genocide.

JOHANNESBURG (R) — Nelson Mandela's African National Congress (ANC) denied Saturday that it supported President F.W. De Klerk's reported plans to speed up the reincorporation of the black homelands into South

The ANC, the main group negotiating the end of white rule with the South African governsupport the reincorporation of the homelands but this should only be done after agreement at multi-party democracy talks.

"The key element of this proposal is reincorporation into a South Africa that has a democratic constitution, and not in terms of the existing apartheid constitution," said the ANC in response to media reports that it backed Mr. De Klerk's plans.

The National Party govern-ment is widely reported to have drawn up plans to reincorporate the homelands, created as part of its past apartheid policies, as early as next month.

The proposed reincorporation of the fragmented tribal territories has been a key sticking point in the multi-party talks which Thursday after 10months of deadlock.

military success against Azeris over mountain passes and asked him to send helicopters to another 3,000 have been flown

Karabakh Armenians report

MOSCOW (Agencies) — Armenian forces in Nagorno-Karabakh said Saturday they had seized the key town of Kelbadzhar in western Azerbaijan after

several days of fighting.

But Azerbaijan, which declared a state of emergency Friday, said that Armenian fighters had not' yet taken the town though they controlled high grounds for launching artillery

"They have installed artillery and are shelling the regional cen-tre," said Mekhman Aliyev, deputy press secretary of the president, reached by telephone from Moscow.

The Armenian News Agency Snark said Armenian fighters from the disputed territory of Nagorno-Karabakh entered the town, which has a population of about 10,000, Friday.

It quoted Karabakh authorities as saying Azeri forces had fled in panic abandoning large quantities of military equipment. Kelbadzhar region has no road

links with the rest of Azerbaijan because of fighting in the dis-puted territory of Nagorno-Karabakh, the longest-running conflict in the former Soviet Un-

The Azeri authorities say that 20,000 of the 60,000 people of the region have managed to escape

out of helicopter.

They claim Armenian regular forces and Russian troops in the region joined in a pincer movement against Kelbadzhar.

The Armenians deny their regular forces are involved and say Armenian fighters from Karabakh are counter-attacking against an attempt by the Azeris to sever the Lachin supply corridor between the territory and Arme-

Turkey warns Armenia Turkish Prime Minister Suleyman Demirel said Saturday Tur-

key was running out of patience with its neighbour Armenia. If the Armenian oppression of the Azeri people does not end shortly and the attacks are not stopped, it should be known that Turkey's patience is running out," he was quoted by Anatolian News Agency as telling a crowd

in western Bursa city.

Mr. Demirel said Armenia had misunderstood Turkey's goodwill in letting a European aid cargo pass through its soil to reach the destitute Armenia.

There has been hunger in Armenia, we have sent them bread. This is a goodwill, but they misunderstood it," he said. Mr. Demirel also said Azeri

President Abulfaz Eichibey had

the enclave, "but this does not seem to be practical," he said. Turkey halted passage of Western aid to Armenia, news media

reported Saturday. Deputy Prime Minister Erdal Inonu said Friday that Armenia should not expect help from Turkey while maintaining a military force to deteriorate villages or cities of thousands of popula-

tion." Turkey stepped up its diplomatic efforts to pressure Armenia.

Premier Suleyman Demirel said Turkey would raise the issue with the U.N. Security Council Saturday, the Anatolia News

Agency said. Turkey and Azerbaijan have close ethnic, linguistic and cultural bonds, while relations between Turkey and Armenia have been strained for decades over accusations that 1.5 million Armenians were massacred in 1915. Turkey denies any such

Under Western pressure, Turkey agreed earlier this year to provide passage for relief aid to Armenia.

Turkey has recognised Armenia as an independent state but has not established diplomatic ties because of the fighting in Nagorno-Karabakh, which has been going on since 1988.

Russia, Georgia exchange threats

TBILISI, Georgia (AP) - Georgia threatened to retaliate Friday after Russian warplanes bombed its bases in a breakaway region of Abkhazia, officials and media

Russian commanders in turn warned Georgia to stop shelling near one of its military facilities in Abkhazia or face "a crushing blow," a statement said.

The heated warnings came after two Russian SU-25 warplanes attacked Georgian Howitzer and mortar positions near Sukhumi, the Abkhazian capital, late Thursday. Abkhazian separatist forces shelled the city at the same

The Russian Defence Ministry said the bombing targets were

which is Georgia's stronghold in the scenic, strategic area. the region.

Georgian defence officials said eight people were killed by the shelling and air raid. Two of them died in the bombing, said military spokesman Soso Margishvili. Georgian air defence drove off

the Russian warplanes, Mr. Mar-The parliament of Abkhazia, a Black Sea region led by its Mus-

lim Abkhazian minority, declared sovereignty last July. Georgian troops later recaptured Sukhumi. The conflict has killed nearly 1,000 people. Georgian officials claim Rus-

sian troops still stationed in Abkhazia, estimated to number unpopulated areas. But the Geor- several thousand, have supported defence.

gian Defence Ministry said the breakaway region in hopes of bombs fell on the city itself, retaining their own forthold in

> Russia insists it is neutral. However, the Russian Defence Ministry said the air raid was provoked by Georgia's "lengthy" artillery bombardment Thursday of a Russian military laboratory in Eshera, 15 kilometres northwest of Sukhumi.

Georgian forces Friday reportedly resumed shelling the lab, a spokesman for Abkhazia's

The lab is said to be a monitoring station for nuclear explosions and guarded by elite paratroopers. Russia has declared an air exclusion zone around the lab and said it will fire in self-

Clinton urges forest meeting to 'move beyond confrontation'

PORTLAND, Oregon (AP) —
President Bill Clinton convened a
northwest U.S. forest conference, urging bitter rivals in a clash over jobs and the environ-ment to "move beyond confrontation" and work with him to find the elusive compromise.

"A healthy economy and a healthy environment are not at odds with each other - they are essential to each other," Mr. Clinton said in his opening statement. "This is not about choosing between jobs and the environment but recognising the importance of both.

A parade of witnesses then spoke, many poignantly, of the fragile state of the Pacific northwest's ancient forests and the rare species that call them home. Mr. Clinton also heard of the suffering of timber workers' families because of jobs lost after courts blocked logging on millions of acres (hectares) of federal lands to protect the northern spotted



U.S. President Bill Clinton (right) and Vice President Al Gore confer during the forest conference in Portland, Oregon (AFP photo)

But environmentalists demanded that Mr. Clinton permanently forbid timber cutting in the old

at his side, Mr. Clinton convened tection.

the day's conference hoping presidential prestige would end the impasse between environmentalists and a timber industry that With Vice President Al Gore blames massive job losses on and a handful of cabinet members overzealous environmental pro-

Bulgarian peacekeepers killed in Cambodia attack KOMPONG SPEU, Cambodia were all mined and many Khmer Cambodia in 1989.

killed when Khmer Rouge guerrillas attacked their unit with mortar and automatic weapons fire, U.N. officers said.

It was the sixth attack on U.N. personnel in Cambodia in a week. Two peacekeepers were killed in the previous attacks.

U.N. spokesman Eric Falt said the guerrillas launched an hourlong attack at about 11 p.m. Friday on 20 Bulgarian peacekeepers posted in Kompong Speu province in western Cambodia. The Bulgarians returned fire.

The six wounded soldiers were evacuated by road to another Bulgarian post nearby, where three soldiers died upon arrival, Mr. Falt said. Their identities were withheld pending notification of kin.

The other three were evacuated by helicopter to Phnom Penh. One, with a shrapnel injury to the hip, was being treated at the U.N. field hospital. The other two, both with head injuries, were evacuated Saturday morning to Bangkok.

The same platoon came under fire a second time early Saturday morning, but no one was injured, Mr. Falt said. More than 20 other Bulgarian peacekeepers were called in as reinforcements.

Lt. Marinov Zdravko, second in command of the Bulgarian battalion headquarters in this provincial capital, said the roads leading toward the area attacked

(Agencies) — Three U.N. Rouge roamed about. "The area peacekeepers from Bulgaria were is completely unsafe," he said. He lamented the killings. "We came only to shake the hands of children along the road," he said. One Bulgarian soldier put on a bulletproof vest. "It's dangerous,

very dangerous," he said, refusing to give his name. The series of attacks on U.N. personnel began on March 27 with an attack on a Bangladeshi unit in northwestern Cambodia, in which a Bangladeshi soldier was killed.

He was the first non-Cambodian peacekeeper killed in hostile action in Cambodia. Most of the peacekeepers

attacked have been unarmed. The U.N. mission hasn't established blame for most of the attacks, but Mr. Falt said the pattern of Khmer Rouge activity in these areas cast suspicion on the guerrillas.

The fanatical Communist Khmer Rouge fought the Vietnamese-installed government for nearly 13 years before signing a peace accord in 1991 to authorise the U.N. mission to stabilise Cambodia for democratic elections in May.

But the Khmer Rouge has refused to cooperate. It is demanding, among other things, that all Vietnamese leave Cambodia. It has made unsubstantiated claims that tens of thousands of the settlers are soldiers who stayed behind after Hanoi officially ended its military occupation of

The Khmer Rouge has been blamed for a series of attacks in which more than 80 ethnic Vietnamese have been killed since the U.N. mission began a year ago. More than 7,000 Vietnamese have fled the country in recent weeks.

"This is the last thing I want to see, ethnic cleansing," said Sada-ko Ogata, the U.N. High Commissioner for Refugees, at a news conference in Phnom Penh Saturday. The Khmer Rouge killed

umerous ethnic Vietnamese and hundreds of thousands of other people during its rule of Cambodia in the 1970s. Vietnam invaded in late 1978 and installed a new government, triggering the civil

Mrs. Ogata met Cambodian faction leaders Saturday and urged them to condemn ethnic cleansing attacks on the country's Vietnamese minority. Mrs. Ogata told a news confer-

ence that although a request had been made, she had not yet been able to meet Khieu Samphan, nominal leader of the Khmer She said she had met head of

state Prince Norodom Sihanouk and other faction leaders and raised the issue of racial violence which has sent thousands of ethnic Vietnamese fleeing their homes.

"I asked reassurance from the political leaders and particularly sought the leadership of Prince

Sihanouk in coming out very clearly in condemning these acts," she said.

While Mrs. Ogata spoke at Phnom Penh's riverside Cambodiana Hotel, an entire Vietnamese floating village - consisting of at least 50 boats roped together - could be seen from the window of the conference room, heading southwest along the Mekong River towards Vietnam.

"I am very much aware of the problem. It is of great concern to us," Mrs. Ogata said.

"All around the world I am dealing enough with these problems. Now we have helped return 350,000 or more people back to Cambodia, this is the last thing I want to see - any kind of ethnic cleansing or any kind of political violence that might lead to an

outflow of people," she said.
The UNHCR has nearly completed the mass repatriation of Cambodian refugees from camps in Thailand.

Mrs. Ogata said the Cambodian faction leaders had said that Vietnamese who had lived in Cambodia for generations should be allowed to stay in the country. However, it was up to a new government formed after U.N.supervised elections in May to negotiate with Vietnam on the issue of migrant workers, she said.

Mrs. Ogata said she was pleased to hear Vietnam was accepting refugees returning from

Man falls from 22nd floor and lives

MANCHESTER, England

(AP) — Christopher Saggars fell 60 metres from a 2245 storey apartment, crushing a parked car, then he brushed himself off and walked away. Saggers, 26 suffered a broken elbow, a neck injury and bruises, police reported. He was in comfortable condition at Salford's Hope Hospital, a hospital statement said. The reason for Saggers' fall was not known, and his father seemed to rule out a motivation for suicide. "He has a job and lives at home and seems happy enough to me. So far he has given me no good reason white this happened. He has never expressed to me any problems he might have had," Les Sag-gers told the Daily Mail. He didn't specify his son's job. A passer-by saw Mr. Saggers fall, hit the roof of the car, lie on the vehicle for about 15 seconds and then start to brush himself off. Mr. Saggers was later found wandering in the street. "Falling from great heights can lead to a reduction in the level of consciousness, which makes muscles relax, and this could lessen the impact," said Alison Gammon. an emergency unit consultant to Stoke Mandeville Hospital. "He had landed bang in the middle of the roof and it had caved in," said the car's owner, Michael Afilaka. "It must have been a million-to-one chance for him to hit the car right in the middle." "There wasn't a spot of blood anywhere," said John Whalley, the caretaker of the Salford apartment block where Mr. Saggers fell. Mr. Saggers is from Manchester's Salford area.

Wife-beating is common in Japan

TOKYO (R) - Most Japanese wives responding to a survey on domestic violence said their husbands often beat them, with many saying they required hospital treatment. One husband threw his wife out the door naked into the snow, while another poured boiling water into the ear of his sleeping wife, said the survey issued Saturday by the Husbands'. Violence Research Association. One respondent said her husband burned her all over with lighted cigarettes. -Another wife said her spouse almost ran her over with a cast "The level of violence is much worse than we thought," said Yukiko Tsunoda, a lawyer and leading member of the association. The association distributed the questionnaire through women's and welfare groups for six months until December last year. Of the 795 women who sent in replies. 78.5 per cent said they were victims of wife-beating. More than half said they were frequently beaten in the face or sexually assaulted, but almost none had ever reported their cases to the police. About 300 said they went to hospital for treatment for broken bones, burns, and bruises. Wifebeaters included members of parliament, senior bureaucrats, doctors, university professors, and reporters, indicating that the phenomenon had nothing to do with the husband's social status.

Abused child's mother kills accused

molester in court SAN FRANCISCO (R) -

The mother of an abused child

walked up to his accused molester in a Californa court and shot him dead, sheriff's officials said. Ellie Nessler entered the courtroom Friday and pulled a pistol on Daniel Driver, facing seven counts of sexually molesting children. Mrs. Nessler, 40, the mother of one of the boys Mr. Driver was alleged to have molested at a church camp, was arrested after the slaying in Jamestown, in California's historic goldprospecting country, southeast of Sacramento. She walked up behind Mr. Driver and fired between two and six rounds from a small calibre semiautomatic pistol into the back of his head, the Tuolumne County Sheriff's Office said in a statement. Mr. Driver, 35, was pronounced dead at a local hospital half an hour later, the sheriff's office said. A police officer and a sheriff's investigator who were in court at the time drew their guns. Mrs. Nessler dropped her gun and was arrested, the sheriff's office said. Sheriff's officials said the woman's son had been due to testify next. The shooting happened during a recess in the hearing and the judge was not present.

French **Socialists** begin electoral post-mortem

PARIS (R) — Reeling from an electoral rout, leaders of France's Socialist Party gathered Saturday to ponder a future clouded by internal squabbling and a fight to succeed unpopular Socialist Pres-

ident Francois Mitterrand. The party's governing committee met less than a week after being driven from power by a centre-right alliance in a general election and immediately heard former leader Lionel Jospin announce he was withdrawing

"I think we must learn the lessons from so serious a defeat." said Mr. Jospin, announcing his departure from both the 132member governing committee and the party's smaller, 45member executive office.

Mr. Jospin's retreat symbolised the party's disarray and the disappointment shared by many veteran activists after holding power for 10 of the past 12 years. Mr. Jospin, Socialist leader in 1981-87 and former education

minister, had wanted to become a

party standard-bearer but suf-

fered a setback at a fractious party congress in Rennes in 1990. The current party leader, Laurent Fabius, survived the Rennes meeting but now is under pressure to resign following an elector-al embarrassment that slashed Socialists' seats in parliament to

54 from 249. The defeat was a major setback for Mr. Mitterrand, head of state since 1981, whose popularity has

Former Prime Minister Michel

Rocard, the party's favoured

candidate to succeed Mr. Mitterrand in 1995, has proposed holding a special congress in July to dissolve the current leadership and review everything from policies to the party's name. Mr. Rocard wants the parry to move quickly so that the effects

of his proposed "big bang" - a

new, sweeping coalition of Social-

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ists. Ecologists, centrists and moderate Communists - can be felt well before the 1995 presidential vote. But Mr. Rocard, like many other Socialist leaders, lost his parliamentary seat in last month's

election, throwing doubt over his presidential hopes, while Mr. Fabius was reelected. Followers of Mr. Rocard and Mr. Jospin were expected to demand Mr. Fabius' resignation

from the party leadership at the meeting.
But Mr. Rocard said the meeting was "neither the place nor the time to try to identify those who are responsible" for the Social-

ists' electoral disaster. Mr. Fabius, saying he did not want to be the party's scapegoat. proposed a congress in the au-

from its inner circle.

He said that if forced he would resign, but only if the party's entire leadership stepped down and those who held power over the past 12 years were barred

Juan De Borbon buried in Spain

SAN LORENZO DE EL ESCORIAL, Spain (AP) - Juan De Borbon, the father of King Juan Carlos who renounced his claim to the throne, was buried Saturday in a private ceremony. Juan De Borbon, 79, died Thursday of throat cancer in the University of Navarra Clinic where he was hospitalised since Sept. 16. More than 30,000 people filed past the bier of Juan De Borbon Friday night and Saturday morning at the royal palace in Madrid, officials said. His body was taken to the El Escorial Monastery, 30 kilometres northwest of Madrid, following a funeral mass in the royal palace attended by the Spanish royal family and members of the government. El Escorial is the traditional resting place of Spanish royalty. Only immediate family members attended the burial at El Escorial for a man who was the son of a king and the father of a king, but never king himself. Don Juan, as he was known in Spain, was the third son of King Alfonso XIII. Alfonso XIII abdicated in 1931 and went into exile when Spaniards voted

WORLD NEWS IN BRIEF

in the second republic.

Clinton names new Bosnia ambassador WASHINGTON (R) - President Bill Clinton named Friday Victor Jackovich, a career officer with the United States Information Agency, to be ambassador to Bosnia and Herzegovina. Mr. Jackovich has spent the past several months in Geneva engaged in peace negotiations with the former Yugoslav republics, the White House said in a statement. Fluent in several Slavic languages, Mr. Jackovich was last posted overseas as cultural affairs officer in Moscow. The White House also named Tony Gallegos acting chairman of the U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission. Mr. Gallegos has been a commissioner with the agency since 1982 and is its first Hispanic chairman. The White House said Mr. Clinton also intended to nominate Walter Slocombe to be deputy under secretary of defence for policy, and Ellen Haas as assistant secretary of agriculture for food and

consumer services.

El Salvador to retire 15 key officers UNITED NATIONS (AP) - Secretary-General Boutros Ghali said El Salvador has agreed to purge 15 key military officers linked to human rights abuses. In a letter Friday to the Security Council Dr. Ghalia said Salvadorean President Alfredo Cristiani said he would, by the end of the year, implement recommenda-tions of the U.N.-backed "truth commission." The panel said two weeks ago that the military should be purged of the worst human rights offenders and those linked to atrocities committed during El Salvador's 12-year civil war. The Cristiani government earlier balked at implementing the recommendations for purging human rights offenders and parliament, which is controlled by Mr. Cristiani's party, issued a broad amnesty. But Dr. Ghali said he had asked Mr. Cristiani to act swiftly in the case of 15 officers, whom he did not identify. But the list apparently included

U.S. releases \$50 million in suspended aid to Nicaragua

WASHINGTON (AP) — Citing progress on human rights and other issues, the State Department announced Friday the re-

Defence Minister Emilio Ponce.

pended for almost a year. Spokesman Richard Boucher said the Nicaraguan government has agreed to extend the life of a commission set up to examine rights abuses and also has suspended police officers guilty of

cutting back on the size of the armed forces and for reducing inflation to less than 10 per cent. "The government of Violeta Chamorro is taking a number of steps at the urging of the United States to address issues that are vital to the consolidation of

He praised the government for

investment," Mr. Boucher said. The Bush administration, at the request of Sen. Jesse Helms. suspended \$104 million in aid last year. In December, the State Department agreed to release \$54

ment, those funds are being released. Mr. Helms and other conservatives have complained bitterly ablease of \$50 million in aid to out the Chamorro government, Nicaragua that had been suspointing to continued control over the military and police by the leftist Sandinista Front and to uncompensated expropriation of property belonging to hundreds of American citizens.

Mrs. Chamorro Friday thanked the U.S. administration for releasing the aid to her nation. "I never lost faith that the aid would come," said Mrs. Chamorro at a news conference at which she announced the U.S. embassy

called her that morning with the "We must rejoice over this and be ever more united as Nicaraguans in rebuilding our democracy and to Nicaragua's country," said Mrs. Chamorro, ability to attract aid and foreign referring to reconstruction after a

decade of civil war The president said the U.S. government also had pledged to keep economic assistance for 1993 and 1994 on track. "I'm thankful for the solidarity.... million, leaving \$50 million still being shown today by President frozen. With Friday's announce- Bill Clinton," she said.